

# User Manual

## Hybrid 30KW PV Inverter

Version: 1.0

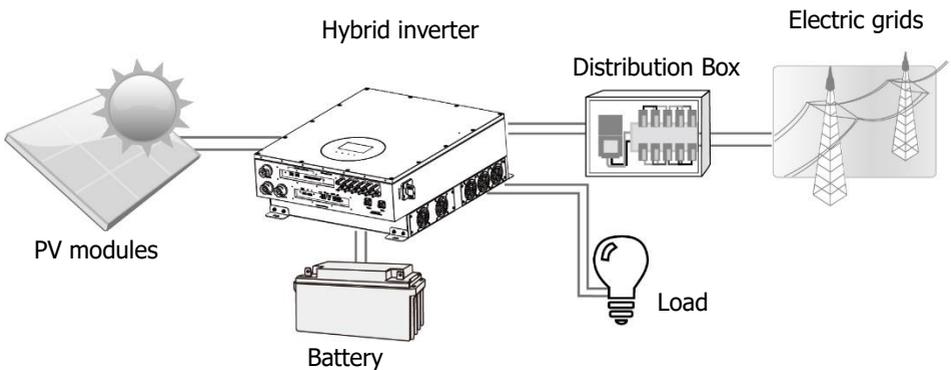
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# 1. Introduction

This hybrid PV inverter can provide power to connected loads by utilizing PV power, utility power and battery power.



**Figure 1 Basic hybrid PV System Overview**

Depending on different power situations, this hybrid inverter is designed to generate continuous power from PV solar modules (solar panels), battery, and the utility. When MPP input voltage of PV modules is within acceptable range (see specification for the details), this inverter is able to generate power to feed the grid (utility) and charge battery. This inverter is only compatible with PV module types of single crystalline and poly crystalline. Do not connect any PV array types other than these two types of PV modules to the inverter. Do not connect the positive or negative terminal of the solar panel to the ground. See Figure 1 for a simple diagram of a typical solar system with this hybrid inverter.

**Note:** By following the EEG standard, every inverter sold to German area is not allowed to charge battery from Utility. The relevant function is automatically disabled by the software.

## 2. Important Safety Warning

**Before using the inverter, please read all instructions and cautionary markings on the unit and this manual. Store the manual where it can be accessed easily.**

This manual is for qualified personnel. The tasks described in this manual may be performed by qualified personnel only.

### General Precaution-

#### Conventions used:

**WARNING!** Warnings identify conditions or practices that could result in personal injury;

**CAUTION!** Caution identify conditions or practices that could result in damaged to the unit or other equipment connected.



**WARNING!** Before installing and using this inverter, read all instructions and cautionary markings on the inverter and all appropriate sections of this guide.



**WARNING!** Normally grounded conductors may be ungrounded and energized when a ground fault is indicated.



**WARNING!** This inverter is heavy. It should be lifted by at least two persons.



**CAUTION!** Authorized service personnel should reduce the risk of electrical shock by disconnecting AC, DC and battery power from the inverter before attempting any maintenance or cleaning or working on any circuits connected to the inverter. Turning off controls will not reduce this risk. Internal capacitors can remain charged for 5 minutes after disconnecting all sources of power.



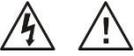
**CAUTION!** Do not disassemble this inverter yourself. It contains no user-serviceable parts. Attempt to service this inverter yourself may cause a risk of electrical shock or fire and will void the warranty from the manufacturer.



**CAUTION!** To avoid a risk of fire and electric shock, make sure that existing wiring is in good condition and that the wire is not undersized. Do not operate the Inverter with damaged or substandard wiring.



**CAUTION!** Under high temperature environment, the cover of this inverter could be hot enough to cause skin burns if accidentally touched. Ensure that this inverter is away from normal traffic areas.



**CAUTION!** Use only recommended accessories from installer. Otherwise, not-qualified tools may cause a risk of fire, electric shock, or injury to persons.



**CAUTION!** To reduce risk of fire hazard, do not cover or obstruct the cooling fan.



**CAUTION!** Do not operate the Inverter if it has received a sharp blow, been dropped, or otherwise damaged in any way. If the Inverter is damaged, please call for an RMA (Return Material Authorization).



**CAUTION!** AC breaker, DC switch and Battery circuit breaker are used as disconnect devices and these disconnect devices shall be easily accessible.

**Before working on this circuit**

- Isolate inverter/Uninterruptible Power System (UPS)
- Then check for Hazardous Voltage between all terminals including the protective earth.



**Risk of Voltage Backfeed**

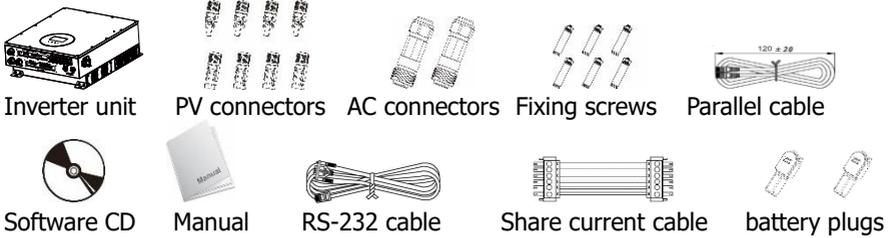
**Symbols used in Equipment Markings**

	Refer to the operating instructions
	Caution! Risk of danger
	Caution! Risk of electric shock
	Caution! Risk of electric shock. Energy storage timed discharge for 5 minutes.
	Caution! Hot surface

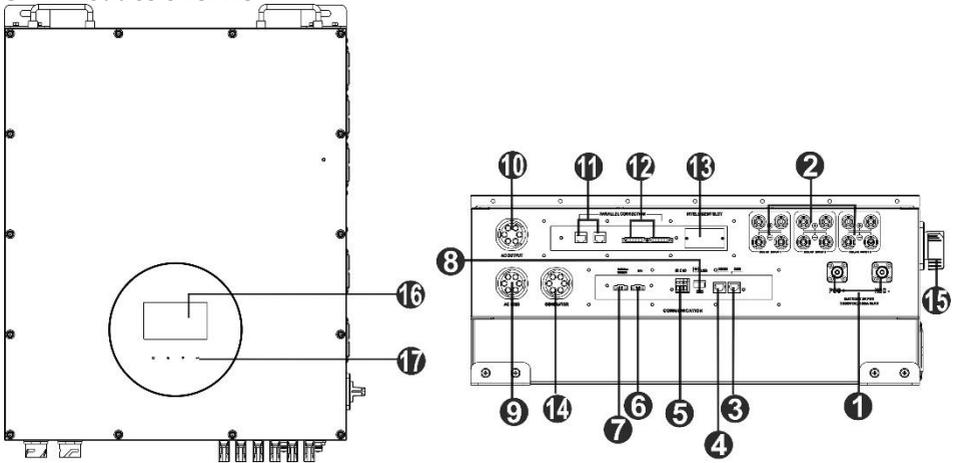
## 3. Unpacking & Overview

### 3-1. Packing List

Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should have received the following items inside of package:



### 3-2. Product Overview



- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1) Battery connectors                      | 11) Parallel communication port  |
| 2) PV connectors                           | 12) Current sharing port   |
| 3) BMS port                                | 13) Intelligent slot   |
| 4) RS-232 communication port               | 14) Generator input  |
| 5) Dry contact                             | 15) PV switch  |
| 6) EPO                                     | 16) LCD display panel (Please check section 10 for detailed LCD operation) |
| 7) Battery thermal sensor                  | 17) Touchable buttons  |
| 8) USB communication port                  |  |
| 9) AC Grid connectors                      |  |
| 10) AC output connectors (Load connection) |  |

## 4. Installation

### 4-1. Precaution

This Hybrid inverter is designed for indoor or outdoor use (IP65), please make sure the installation site meets below conditions:

- Not in direct sunlight
- Not in areas where highly flammable materials are stored.
- Not in potential explosive areas.
- Not in the cool air directly.
- Not near the television Antenna or antenna cable.
- Not higher than altitude of about 2000 meters above sea level.
- Not in environment of precipitation or humidity (>95%)

Please AVOID direct sunlight, rain exposure, snow laying up during installation and operation.

### 4-2. Selecting Mounting Location

- Please select a vertical wall with load-bearing capacity for installation, appropriate for installation on concrete or other non-flammable surfaces.
- The ambient temperature should be between  $-25\sim 60^{\circ}\text{C}$  to ensure optimal operation.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and have enough space for removing wires.
- For proper air ventilation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approx. 50cm to the side and approx. 50cm above and below the unit. And 100cm toward the front.

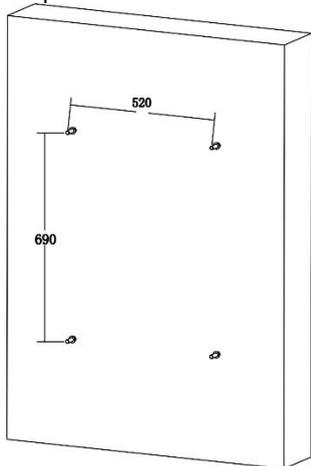
### 4-3. Mounting Unit

**WARNING!!** Remember that this inverter is heavy! Please be carefully when lifting out from the package.

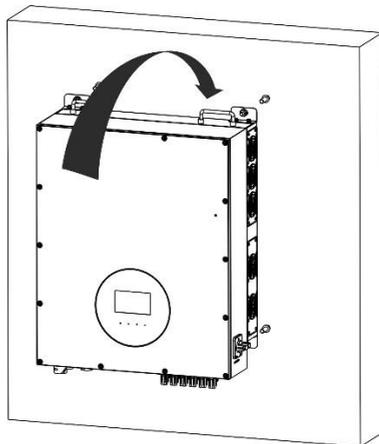
Installation to the wall should be implemented with the proper screws. After that, the device should be bolted on securely.

**WARNING!!** FIRE HAZARD.  
SUITABLE FOR MOUNTING ON CONCRETE OR OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE ONLY.

1. Drill four holes in the marked locations with supplied four screws. The reference tightening torque is 35 N.m.



2. Fix the inverter on the wall.



3. Check if the inverter is firmly secured.

## 5. Grid (Utility) Connection

### 5-1. Preparation

**NOTE:** The overvoltage category of the AC input is III. It should be connected to the power distribution.

**NOTE2:** The inverter is built in a 63A/400V breaker to protect the inverter from AC power damage.

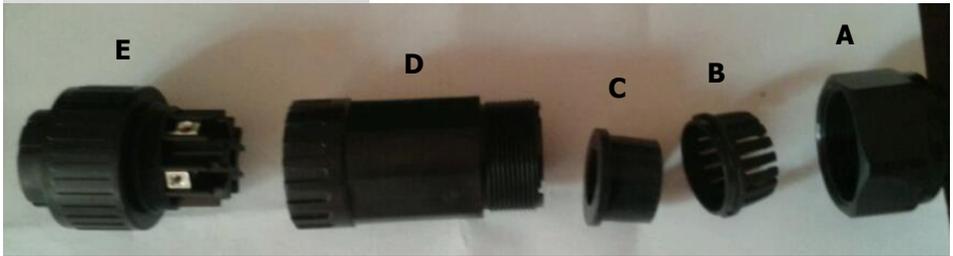
**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for grid (utility) connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Suggested cable requirement for AC wire:

Nominal Grid Voltage	230VAC per phase
Conductor cross-section (mm <sup>2</sup> )	9-10
AWG no.	8

### 5-2. Connecting to the AC Utility

Overview of AC Connection Socket



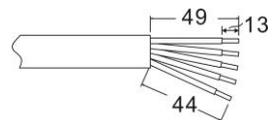
Component	Description
A	Pressure dome
B	Clip
C	Sealing nut
D	Protective element
E	Socket element

Step 1: Check the grid voltage and frequency with an AC voltmeter. It should be the same to "VAC" value on the product label.

Step 2: Turn off the circuit breaker.

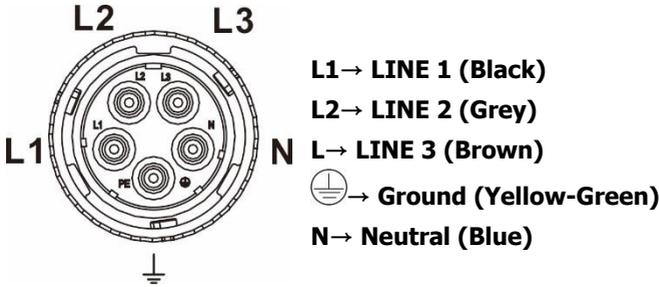
Step 3: Remove insulation sleeve 13 mm for five conductors.

Step 4: Thread the five cables through pressure dome (A), clip (B), sealing nut (C) and protective element (D) in sequence.



Step 5: Thread five cables through socket element (E) according to polarities indicated on it and tighten the screws to fix wires after

connection.

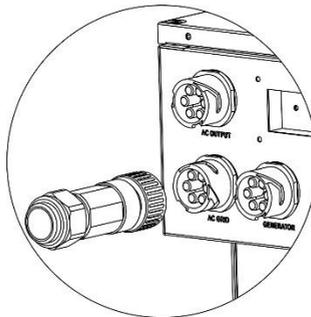


The reference tightening torque is 4-5 N.m.

Step 6: Push protective dome (D) on to socket element (E) until both are locked tightly. Then, twist protective element (D) and pressure dome (A) so that all cables are firmly connected.



Step 7: Plug the AC connection socket into AC INPUT terminal of the inverter.



**CAUTION:** To prevent risk of electric shock, ensure the ground wire is properly earthed before operating this hybrid inverter no matter the grid is connected or not.

## 6. Generator Connection

### 6-1. Preparation

**NOTE:** An additional disconnection device should be placed on in the building wiring installation.

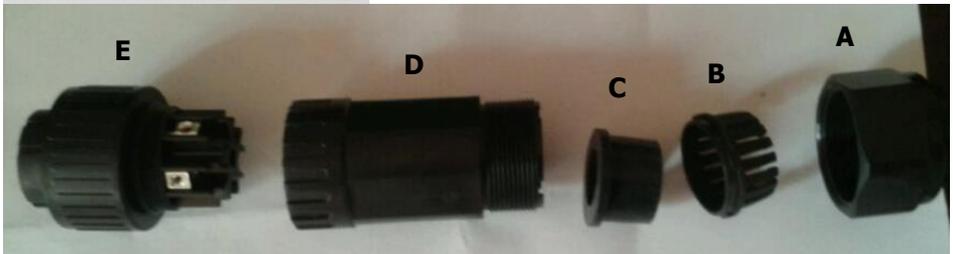
**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Suggested cable requirement for AC wire:

Nominal AC Voltage	230VAC per phase
Conductor cross-section (mm <sup>2</sup> )	9-10
AWG no.	8

### 6-2. Connecting to the Generator input

Overview of AC Connection Socket



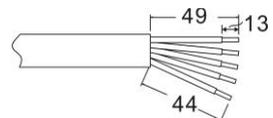
Component	Description
A	Pressure dome
B	Clip
C	Sealing nut
D	Protective element
E	Socket element

Step 1: Check the grid voltage and frequency with an AC voltmeter. It should be the same to "VAC" value on the product label.

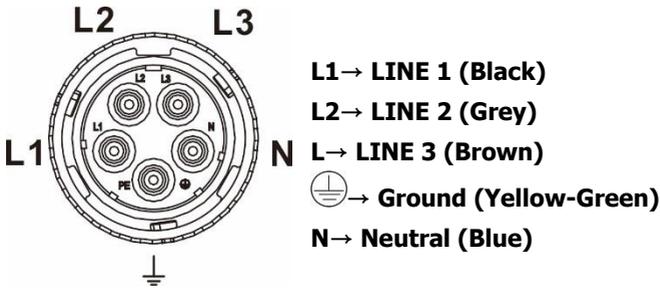
Step 2: Turn off the circuit breaker.

Step 3: Remove insulation sleeve 13 mm for five conductors.

Step 4: Thread the five cables through pressure dome (A), clip (B), sealing nut (C) and protective element (D) in sequence.



Step 5: Thread five cables through socket element (E) according to polarities indicated on it and tighten the screws to fix wires after connection.

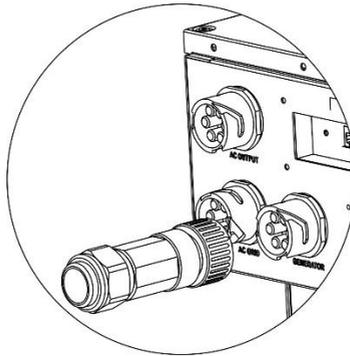


The reference tightening torque is 4-5 N.m.

Step 6: Push protective dome (D) on to socket element (E) until both are locked tightly. Then, twist protective element (D) and pressure dome (A) so that all cables are firmly connected.



Step 7: Plug the Generator connection socket into GENERATOR terminal of the inverter.



**CAUTION:** To prevent risk of electric shock, ensure the ground wire is properly earthed before operating this hybrid inverter no matter the grid is connected or not.

## 7. PV Module (DC) Connection

**NOTE1:** The overvoltage category of the PV input is II.

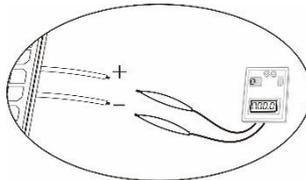
**NOTE2:** Please use 1000VDC/35A circuit breaker.

Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

**WARNING:** Because this inverter is non-isolated, only two types of PV modules are acceptable: single crystalline and poly crystalline with class A-rated. To avoid any malfunction, do not connect any PV modules with possibility of leakage current to the inverter. For example, grounded PV modules will cause leakage current to the inverter.

**CAUTION:** It's requested to have PV junction box with surge protection. Otherwise, it will cause inverter damage when lightning occurs on PV modules.

Step 1: Check the input voltage of PV array modules. The acceptable input voltage of the inverter is 350VDC - 1000VDC. This system is only applied with three strings of PV array. Please make sure that the maximum current load of each PV input connector is 26A.



**CAUTION:** Exceeding the maximum input voltage can destroy the unit!! Check the system before wire connection.

Step 2: Disconnect the circuit breaker and switch off the DC switch.

Step 3: Assemble provided PV connectors with PV modules by the following below steps.

### **Components for PV connectors and Tools:**

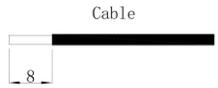
Female connector housing	
Female terminal	
Male connector housing	
Male terminal	

Crimping tool and spanner



**Cable preparation and connector assembly process:**

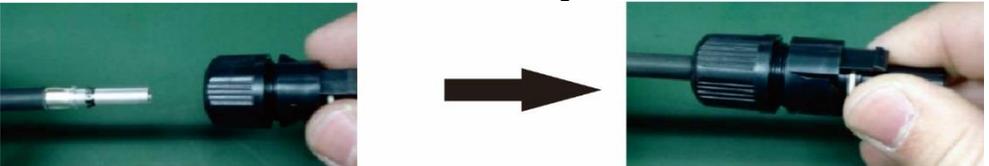
Strip two cables 8 mm on one side and be careful NOT to nick conductors.



Insert striped cable into female terminal and crimp female terminal as shown below charts.



Insert assembled cable into female connector housing as shown below charts.



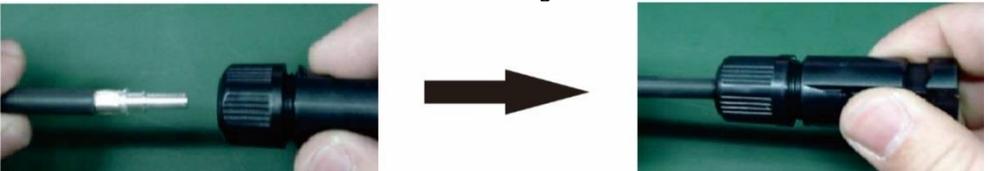
Reference insertion force:  $\leq 50\text{N}$

Reference withdrawal force:  $\geq 50\text{N}$

Insert striped cable into male terminal and crimp male terminal as shown below charts.



Insert assembled cable into male connector housing as shown below charts.



Reference insertion force:  $\leq 50\text{N}$

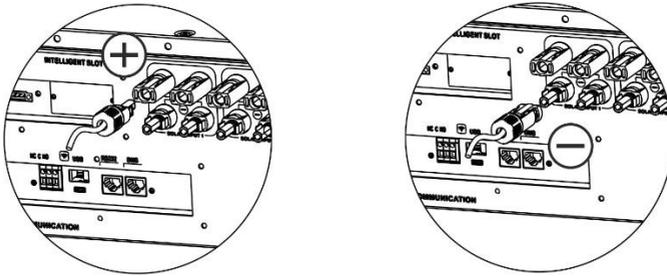
Reference withdrawal force:  $\geq 50\text{N}$

Then, use spanner to screw pressure dome tightly to female connector and male connector as shown below.



The reference Nut cap locking force is 2.0~2.5Nm.

Step 4: Check correct polarity of connection cable from PV modules and PV input connectors. Then, connect positive pole (+) of connection cable to positive pole (+) of PV input connector. Connect negative pole (-) of connection cable to negative pole (-) of PV input connector.



**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Nominal Grid Voltage	736VDC
Conductor cross-section (mm <sup>2</sup> )	6-8
AWG no.	10

**CAUTION: Never** directly touch terminals of the inverter. It will cause lethal electric

**CAUTION:** Do NOT touch the inverter to avoid electric shock. When PV modules are exposed to sunlight, it may generate DC voltage to the inverter.

### Recommended PV module Configuration

<b>PV Module Spec. (reference)</b>	<b>Total input power</b>	<b>Solar input 1</b>	<b>Solar input 2</b>	<b>Solar input 3</b>	<b>Q'ty of modules</b>
- 250Wp - Vmp: 36.7Vdc - Imp: 6.818A - Voc: 44Vdc - Isc: 7.636A - Cells: 60	3000W	12pieces in series	X	X	12pcs
	6000W	12pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	X	X	24pcs
	9000W	12pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	12pieces in series	X	36pcs
	12000W	12pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	12pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	X	48 pcs
	15000W	12pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	12pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	12pieces in series	60 pcs
	18000W	12pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	12pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	12pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	72 pcs
	21000W	14pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	14pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	14pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	84 pcs
	24000W	16pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	16pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	16pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	96 pcs
	27000W	18pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	18pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	18pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	108 pcs
	30000W	20pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	20pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	20pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	120 pcs

## 8. Battery Connection

**CAUTION:** Before connecting to batteries, please install separately a DC circuit breaker between inverter and batteries.

**NOTE1:** Please only use sealed lead acid battery, vented and Gel battery, lithium battery. Please check maximum charging voltage and current when first using this inverter. If using Lithium iron or Nicd battery, please consult with installer for the details.

**NOTE2:** Please use 1000VDC/100A circuit breaker.

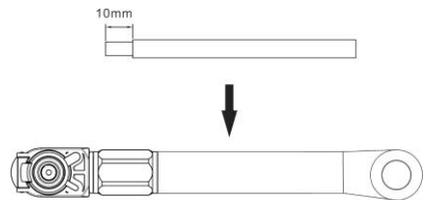
**NOTE3:** The overvoltage category of the battery input is II.

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

Step 1: Check the nominal voltage of batteries. The nominal input voltage for inverter is 736VDC.

Step 2: Turn off the circuit breaker.

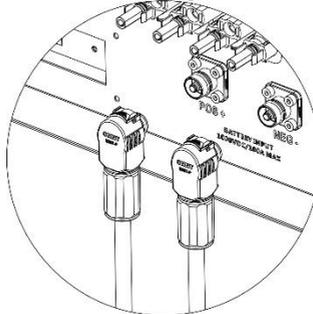
Step 3: Use two 4AWG battery cables. Remove insulation sleeve 10 mm and insert one end of conductor into ring terminal. Insert the other end of conductor into battery plug. Refer to right chart.



Step 4: Plug the assembled battery cables to battery terminals of the inverter.

**RED cable to the positive terminal (+);**

**BLACK cable to the negative terminal (-).**



**WARNING!** Wrong connections will damage the unit permanently.

## 9. Load (AC Output) Connection

### 8-1. Preparation

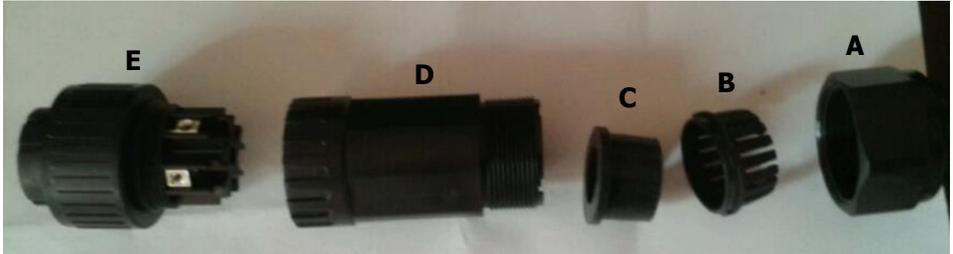
**CAUTION:** To prevent further supply to the load via the inverter during any mode of operation, an additional disconnection device should be placed on in the building wiring installation.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Nominal Grid Voltage	208/220/230/240 VAC per phase
Conductor cross-section (mm <sup>2</sup> )	5.5-10
AWG no.	8 AWG

### 8-2. Connecting to the AC output

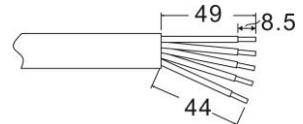
Overview of Load Connection Socket



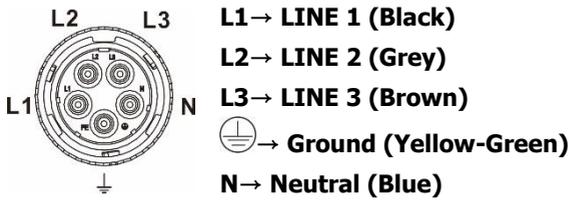
Component	Description
A	Pressure dome
B	Clip
C	Sealing nut
D	Protective element
E	Socket element

Step 1: Remove insulation sleeve 8.5 mm for five conductors.

Step 2: Thread the five cables through pressure dome (A), clip (B), sealing nut (C) and protective element (D) in sequence.



Step 3: Thread five cables through socket element (E) according to polarities indicated on it and tighten the screws to fix wires after connection.

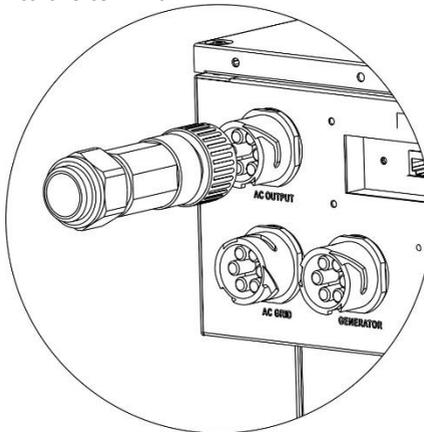


The reference tightening torque is 1.0-1.5 N.m.

Step 4: Push protective dome (D) on to socket element (E) until both are locked tightly. Then, twist protective element (D) and pressure dome (A) so that all cables are firmly connected.



Step 5: Plug the socket into the terminal.



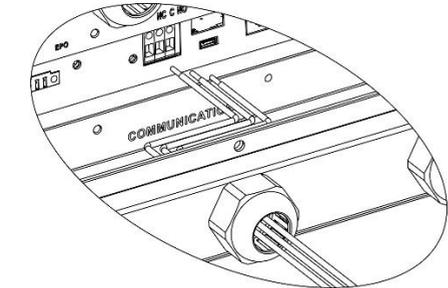
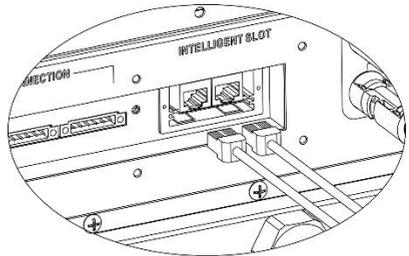
**CAUTION:** It's only allowed to connect load to "AC Output Connector". Do NOT connect the utility to "AC Output Connector".

**CAUTION:** Be sure to connect L terminal of load to L terminal of "AC Output Connector" and N terminal of load to N terminal of "AC Output Connector". The G terminal of "AC Output Connector" is connected to grounding of the load. Do NOT mis-connect.

## 9. Communication Connection

### Serial Connection

The inverter is equipped with several communication ports and it is also equipped with a slot for alternative communication interfaces in order to communicate with a PC with corresponding software. This intelligent slot is suitable to install with SNMP card and Modbus card. Follow below procedure to connect communication wiring and install the software.

<p>For RS232 or BMS port, use a RJ45 cable as follows:</p>	<p>For USB port, use a USB cable as follows:</p>
<p>For Dry contact port, please remove insulation sleeve 8 mm for three conductors and insert three cables into ports</p>	<p>For SNMP or MODBUS Box, use the RJ45 cables as follows:</p>
	

Please install monitoring software in your computer. Detailed information is listed in the chapter 12. After software is installed, you may initial the monitoring software and extract data through communication port.

### Wi-Fi Connection

Wi-Fi module can enable wireless communication between off-grid inverters and monitoring platform. Users have complete and remote monitoring and controlling experience for inverters when combining Wi-Fi module with SolarPower APP, available for both iOS and Android based device. All data loggers and parameters are saved in iCloud. For quick installation and operation, please refer to Appendix III - The Wi-Fi Operation Guide for details.



## 10. Dry Contact Signal

There is one dry contact available on the bottom panel. It could be used to remote control for external generator.

### 10-1. Electric Parameter

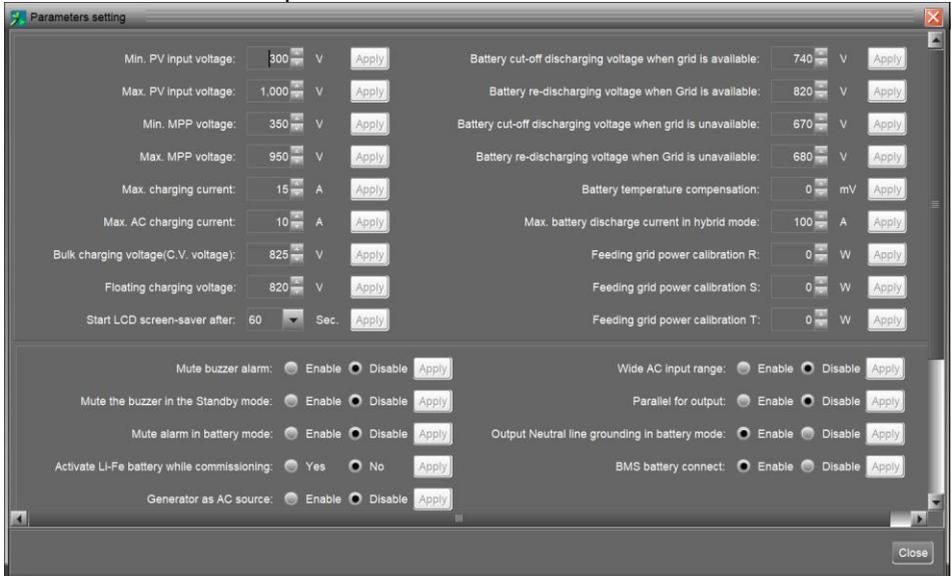
Parameter	Symbol	Max.	Unit
Relay DC voltage	Vdc	30	V
Relay DC current	Idc	1	A

Note: The application of the dry contact should not exceed the electric parameter shown as above. Otherwise, the internal relay will be damaged.

## 10-2. Function Description

Unit Status	Condition	Dry contact port: 	
		NO&C	NC&C
Power Off	Unit is off and no output is powered.	Open	Close
Power On	Battery voltage is lower than setting battery cut-off discharging voltage when grid is available.	Close	Open
	Battery voltage is lower than setting battery cut-off discharging voltage when grid is unavailable.	Close	Open
	Battery voltage is higher than below 2 setting values: 1. Battery re-discharging voltage when grid is available. 2. Battery re-discharging voltage when grid unavailable.	Open	Close

You can set the related parameters in software. Refer to below chart:



The screenshot shows the 'Parameters setting' window with the following parameters and values:

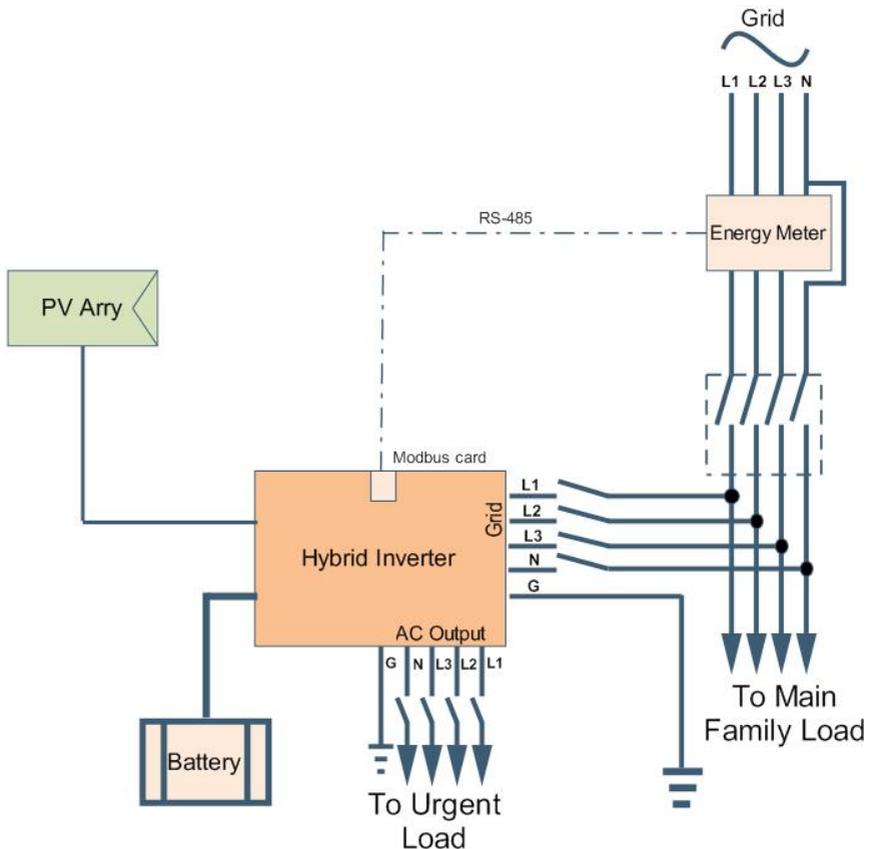
- Min. PV input voltage: 300 V
- Max. PV input voltage: 1,000 V
- Min. MPP voltage: 350 V
- Max. MPP voltage: 950 V
- Max. charging current: 15 A
- Max. AC charging current: 10 A
- Bulk charging voltage(C.V. voltage): 825 V
- Floating charging voltage: 820 V
- Start LCD screen-saver after: 60 Sec.
- Battery cut-off discharging voltage when grid is available: 740 V
- Battery re-discharging voltage when Grid is available: 820 V
- Battery cut-off discharging voltage when grid is unavailable: 670 V
- Battery re-discharging voltage when Grid is unavailable: 680 V
- Battery temperature compensation: 0 mV
- Max. battery discharge current in hybrid mode: 100 A
- Feeding grid power calibration R: 0 W
- Feeding grid power calibration S: 0 W
- Feeding grid power calibration T: 0 W
- Mute buzzer alarm: Enable (selected) / Disable
- Mute the buzzer in the Standby mode: Enable (selected) / Disable
- Mute alarm in battery mode: Enable (selected) / Disable
- Activate Li-Fe battery while commissioning: Yes (selected) / No
- Generator as AC source: Enable (selected) / Disable
- Wide AC input range: Enable (selected) / Disable
- Parallel for output: Enable (selected) / Disable
- Output Neutral line grounding in battery mode: Enable (selected) / Disable
- BMS battery connect: Enable (selected) / Disable

## 11. Application with Energy Meter

With Modbus card II and energy meter, hybrid inverter can be easily integrated into the existing household system. For details please refer to Modbus card II manual.

**Note:** this application is only valid for **Grid-Tie with Backup II** mode.

Equipped with Modbus card II, hybrid inverter is connected to energy meter with RS485 communication port. It's to arrange self-consumption via Modbus card to control power generation and battery charging of the inverter.



## 12. Commissioning

Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Ensure the inverter is firmly secured
- Check if the open circuit DC voltage of PV module meets requirement (Refer to Section 6)
- Check if the open circuit utility voltage of the utility is at approximately same to the nominal expected value from local utility company.
- Check if connection of AC cable to grid (utility) is correct if the utility is required.
- Full connection to PV modules.
- AC circuit breaker (only applied when the utility is required), battery circuit breaker, and DC circuit breaker are installed correctly.

Step 2: Switch on the battery circuit breaker and then switch on PV DC breaker. After that, if there is utility connection, please switch on the AC circuit breaker. At this moment, the inverter is turned on already. However, there is no output generation for loads. Then:

- If LCD lights up to display the current inverter status, commissioning has been successfully. After pressing "ON" button for 1 second when the utility is detected, this inverter will start to supply power to the loads. If no utility exists, simply press "ON" button for 3 seconds. Then, this inverter will start to supply power to the loads.
- If a warning/fault indicator appears in LCD, an error has occurred to this inverter. Please inform your installer.

Step 3: Please insert CD into your computer and install monitoring software in your PC. Follow below steps to install software.

1. Follow the on-screen instructions to install the software.
2. When your computer restarts, the monitoring software will appear as shortcut icon located in the system tray, near the clock.

**NOTE:** If using modbus card as communication interface, please install bundled software. Check local dealer for the details.

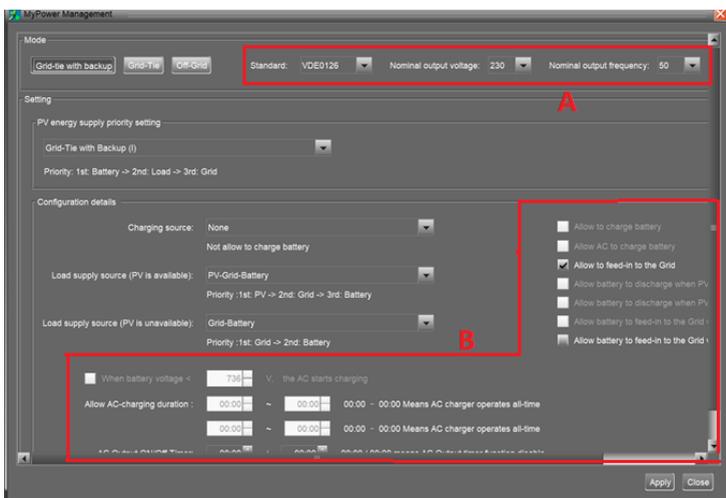
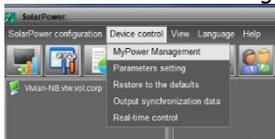
### 13. Initial Setup

Before inverter operation, it's required to set up "Operation Mode" via software. Please strictly follow below steps to set up. For more details, please check software manual.

**Step 1:** After turning on the inverter and installing the software, please click "Open Monitor" to enter main screen of this software.

**Step 2:** Log in into software first by entering default password "administrator".

**Step 3:** Select Device Control>>MyPower Management. It is to set up inverter operation mode and personalized interface. Refer to diagram below.



#### Mode

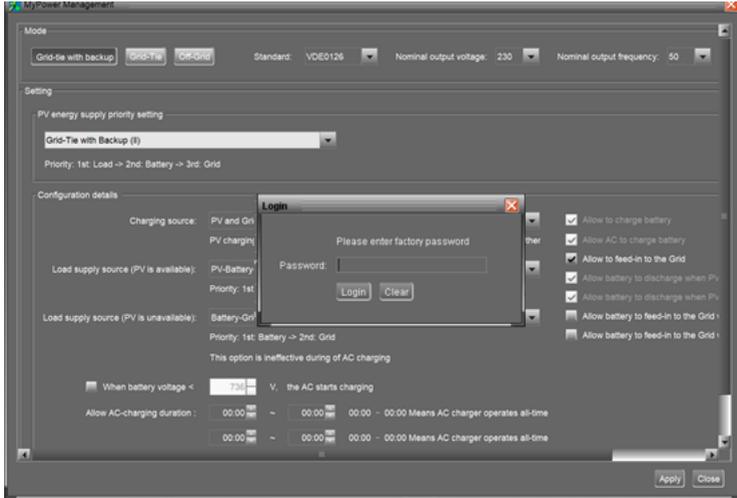
There are three operation modes: Grid-tie with backup, Grid-Tie and Off-Grid.

- Grid-tie with backup: PV power can feed-in back to grid, provide power to the load and charge battery. There are four options available in this mode: Grid-tie with backup I, II, III and IV. In this mode, users can configure PV power supply priority, charging source priority and load supply source priority. However, when Grid-tie with backup IV option is selected in PV energy supply priority, the inverter is only operated between two working logics based on defined peak time and off-peak time of electricity. Only peak time and off-peak time of electricity are able to set up for optimized electricity usage.
- Grid-Tie: PV power only can feed-in back to grid.
- Off-Grid: PV power only provides power to the load and charge battery. No feed-in back to grid is allowed.

## SECTION A:

**Standard:** It will list local grid standard. It's requested to have factory password to make any modifications. Please check local dealer only when this standard change is requested.

**CAUTION:** Wrong setting could cause the unit damage or not working.



Nominal Output Voltage: 230V.

Nominal Output Frequency: 50HZ.

## SECTION B:

This section contents may be different based on different selected types of operations.

**Allow AC charging duration:** It's a period time to allow AC (grid) to charge battery. When the duration is set up as 0:00-00:00, it means no time limitation for AC to charge battery.

**AC output ON/Off Timer:** Set up on/off time for AC output of inverter. If setting it as 00:00/00:00, this function is disabled.

**Allow to charge battery:** This option is automatically determined by setting in "Charging source". It's not allowed to modify here. When "NONE" is selected in charging source section, this option becomes unchecked as grey text.

**Allow AC to charge battery:** This option is automatically determined by setting in "Charging source". It's not allowed to modify here. When "Grid and PV" or "Grid or PV" is selected in charging source section, this option is default selected. Under Grid-tie mode, this option is invalid.

Allow to feed-in to the Grid: This option is only valid under Grid-tie and Grid-tie with backup modes. Users can decide if this inverter can feed-in to the grid.

Allow battery to discharge when PV is available: This option is automatically determined by setting in "Load supply source (PV is available)". When "Battery" is higher priority than "Grid" in Load supply source (PV is available), this option is default selected. Under Grid-tie, this option is invalid.

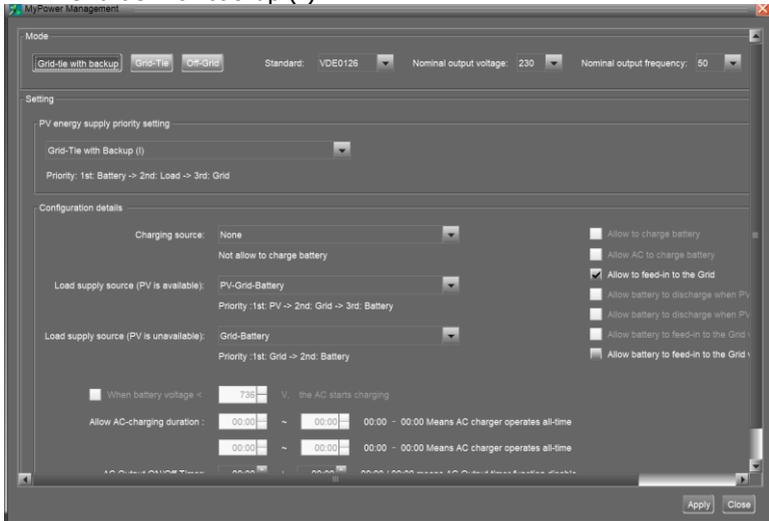
Allow battery to discharge when PV is unavailable: This option is automatically determined by setting in "Load supply source (PV is unavailable)". When "Battery" is higher priority than "Grid" in Load supply source (PV is unavailable), this option is default selected. Under Grid-tie mode, this option is invalid.

Allow battery to feed-in to the Grid when PV is available: This option is only valid in Grid-tie with backup II or Grid-tie with backup III modes.

Allow battery to feed-in to the Grid when PV is unavailable: This option is only valid in all options of Grid-tie with backup mode.

## Grid-tie with backup

### ● Grid-tie with backup (I) :



PV energy supply priority setting: 1<sup>st</sup> Battery, 2<sup>nd</sup> Load and 3<sup>rd</sup> Grid.

PV power will charge battery first, then provide power to the load. If there is any remaining power left, it will feed-in to the grid.

Battery charging source:

1. PV and Grid (Default)

It's allowed to charge battery from PV power first. If it's not sufficient, grid will charge battery.

2. PV only

It is only allow PV power to charge battery.

3. None

It is not allowed to charge battery no matter it's from PV power or grid.

**Load supply source:**

When PV power is available: 1<sup>st</sup> PV, 2<sup>nd</sup> Grid, 3<sup>rd</sup> Battery

If battery is not fully charged, PV power will charge battery first. And remaining PV power will provide power to the load. If it's not sufficient, grid will provide power to the load. If grid is not available at the same time, battery power will back up.

When PV power is not available:

1. 1<sup>st</sup> Grid, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery (Default)

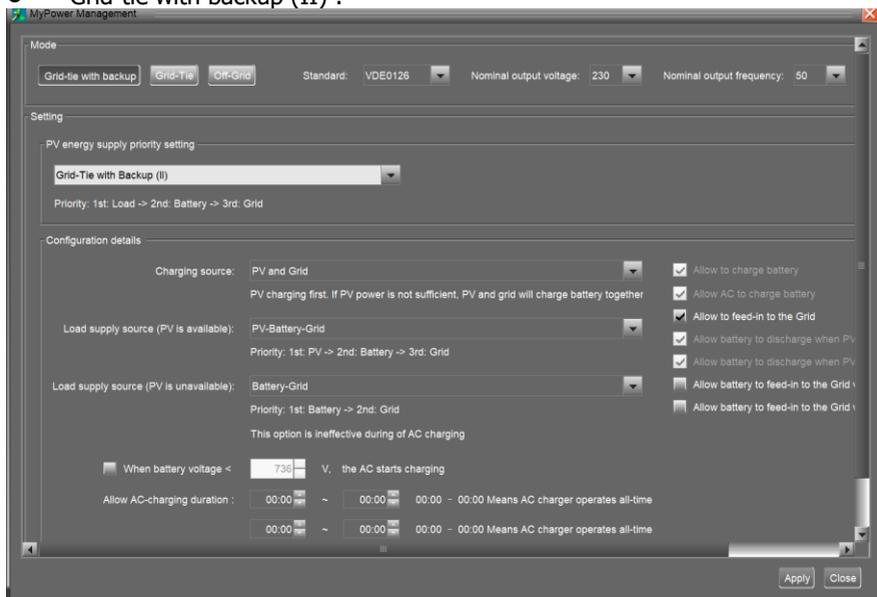
Grid will provide power to the load at first. If grid is not available, battery power will provide power backup.

2. 1<sup>st</sup> Battery, 2<sup>nd</sup> Grid

Battery power will provide power to the load at first. If battery power is running out, grid will back up the load.

**NOTE:** This option will become ineffective during AC charging time and the priority will automatically become 1<sup>st</sup> Grid and 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery order. Otherwise, it will cause battery damage.

● Grid-tie with backup (II) :



**PV energy supply priority setting:** 1<sup>st</sup> Load, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery and 3<sup>rd</sup> Grid.

PV power will provide power to the load first. Then, it will charge battery. If there is any remaining power left, it will feed-in to the grid.

**Battery charging source:**

1. PV and Grid

It's allowed to charge battery from PV power first. If it's not sufficient, grid will charge battery.

2. PV only

It is only allow PV power to charge battery.

3. None

It is not allowed to charge battery no matter it's PV power or grid.

**Load supply source:**

When PV power is available:

1. 1<sup>st</sup> PV, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery, 3<sup>rd</sup> Grid

PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, battery power will provide power to the load. When battery power is running out or not available, grid will back up the load.

2. 1<sup>st</sup> PV, 2<sup>nd</sup> Grid, 3<sup>rd</sup> Battery

PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, grid will provide power to the load. If grid is not available at the same time, battery power will back up.

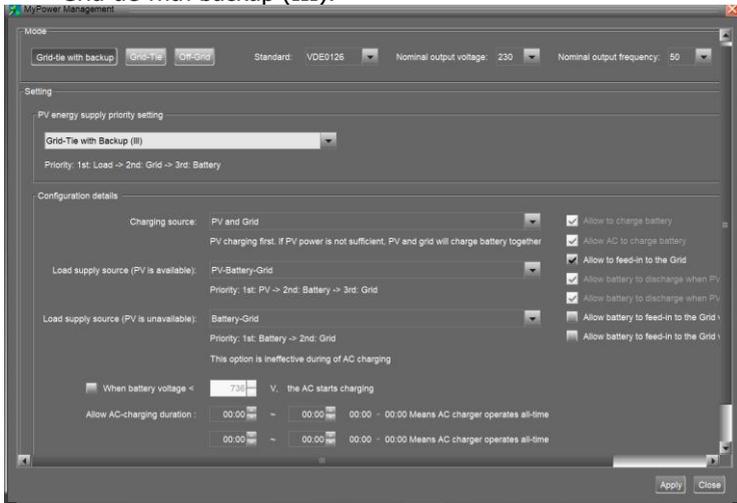
When PV power is not available:

1. 1<sup>st</sup> Grid, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery: Grid will provide power to the load at first. If grid is not available, battery power will provide power backup.

2. 1<sup>st</sup> Battery, 2<sup>nd</sup> Grid: Battery power will provide power to the load at first. If battery power is running out, grid will back up the load

**NOTE:** This option will become ineffective during AC charging time and the priority will automatically become 1<sup>st</sup> Grid and 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery order. Otherwise, it will cause battery damage.

## ● Grid-tie with backup (III):



**PV energy supply priority setting:** 1<sup>st</sup> Load, 2<sup>nd</sup> Grid and 3<sup>rd</sup> Battery

PV power will provide power to the load first. If there is more PV power available, it will feed-in to the grid. If feed-in power reaches max. feed-in power setting, the remaining power will charge battery.

**NOTE:** The max. feed-in grid power setting is available in parameter setting. Please refer to software manual.

### **Battery charging source:**

1. PV and Grid: It's allowed to charge battery from PV power first. If it's not sufficient, grid will charge battery.
2. PV only: It is only allow PV power to charge battery.
3. None: It is not allowed to charge battery no matter it's PV power or grid.

### **Load supply source:**

When PV power is available:

1. 1<sup>st</sup> PV, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery, 3<sup>rd</sup> Grid

PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, battery power will provide power to the load. When battery power is running out or not available, grid will back up the load.

2. 1<sup>st</sup> PV, 2<sup>nd</sup> Grid, 3<sup>rd</sup> Battery

PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, grid will provide power to the load. If grid is not available at the same time, battery power will back up.

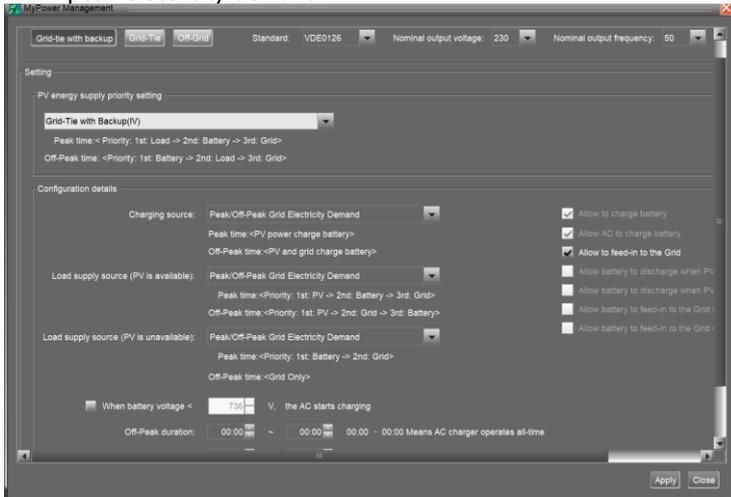
When PV power is not available:

1. 1<sup>st</sup> Grid, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery: Grid will provide power to the load at first. If grid is not available, battery power will provide power backup.
2. 1<sup>st</sup> Battery, 2<sup>nd</sup> Grid: Battery power will provide power to the load at first. If

battery power is running out, grid will back up the load.

**NOTE:** This option will become ineffective during AC charging time and the priority will automatically become 1<sup>st</sup> Grid and 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery order. Otherwise, it will cause battery damage.

- Grid-tie with backup (IV): Users are only allowed to set up peak time and off-peak electricity demand.



### **Working logic under peak time:**

**PV energy supply priority:** 1<sup>st</sup> Load, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery and 3<sup>rd</sup> Grid

PV power will provide power to the load first. If PV power is sufficient, it will charge battery next. If there is remaining PV power left, it will feed-in to the grid. Feed-in to the grid is default disabled.

**Battery charging source:** PV only

Only after PV power fully supports the load, the remaining PV power is allowed to charge battery during peak time.

**Load supply source:** 1<sup>st</sup> PV, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery, 3<sup>rd</sup> Grid

PV power will provide power to the load first. If PV power is not sufficient, battery power will back up the load. If battery power is not available, grid will provide the load. When PV power is not available, battery power will supply the load first. If battery power is running out, grid will back up the load.

### **Working logic under off-peak time:**

**PV energy supply priority:** 1<sup>st</sup> Battery, 2<sup>nd</sup> Load and 3<sup>rd</sup> Grid

PV power will charge battery first. If PV power is sufficient, it will provide power to the loads. The remaining PV power will feed to the grid.

**NOTE:** The max. feed-in grid power setting is available in parameter setting. Please refer to software manual.

Battery charging source: PV and grid charge battery

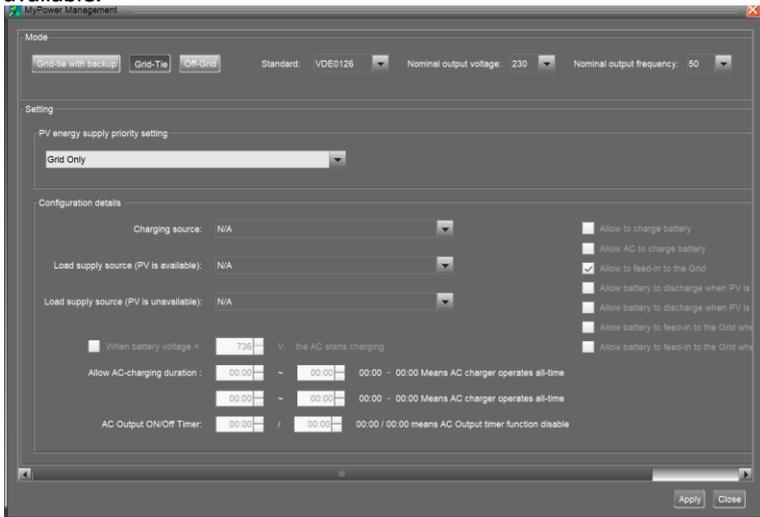
PV power will charge battery first during off-peak time. If it's not sufficient, grid will charge battery.

Load supply source: 1<sup>st</sup> PV, 2<sup>nd</sup> Grid, 3<sup>rd</sup> Battery

When battery is fully charged, remaining PV power will provide power to the load first. If PV power is not sufficient, grid will back up the load. If grid power is not available, battery power will provide power to the load.

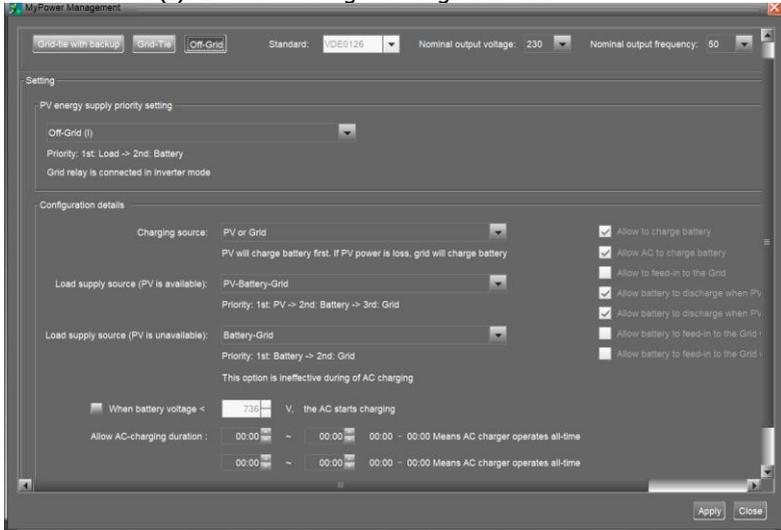
## Grid-Tie

Under this operation mode, PV power only feeds-in to the grid. No priority setting is available.



## Off-Grid

### ● Off-Grid (I): Default setting for off-grid mode.



**PV energy supply priority setting:** 1<sup>st</sup> Load, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery

PV power will provide power to the load first and then charge battery. Feed-in to the grid is not allowed under this mode. At the same time, the grid relay is connected in Inverter mode. That means the transfer time from inverter mode to battery mode will be less than 15ms. Besides, it will avoid overload fault because grid can supply load when connected load is over 30KW.

**Battery charging source:**

1. PV or Grid: If there is remaining PV power after supporting the loads, it will charge battery first. Only until PV power is not available, grid will charge battery. (Default)
2. PV only: It is only allow PV power to charge battery.
3. None: It is not allowed to charge battery no matter it's PV power or grid.

**Load supply source:**

When PV power is available:

1. 1<sup>st</sup> PV, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery, 3<sup>rd</sup> Grid (Default)

PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, battery power will provide power to the load. When battery power is running out or not available, grid will back up the load.

2. 1<sup>st</sup> PV, 2<sup>nd</sup> Grid, 3<sup>rd</sup> Battery

PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, grid will provide power to the load. If grid is not available at the same time, battery power will back up.

When PV power is not available:

1. 1<sup>st</sup> Grid, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery

Grid will provide power to the load at first. If grid is not available, battery power will

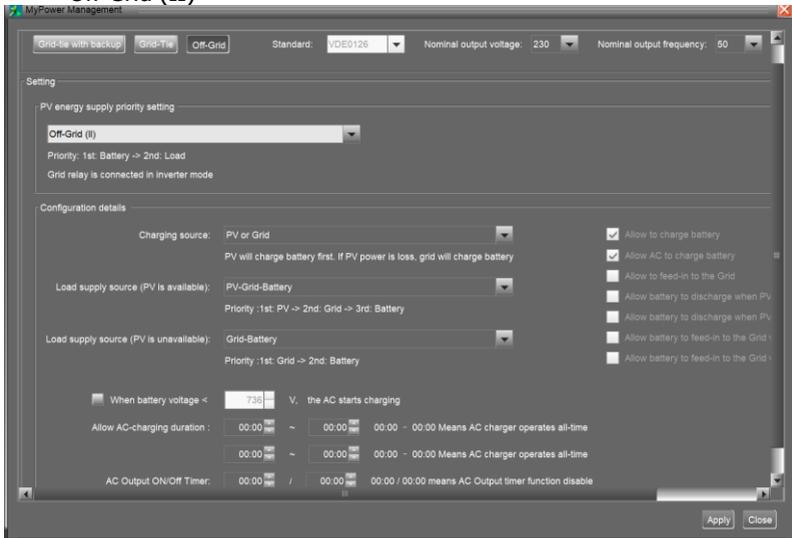
provide power backup.

## 2. 1<sup>st</sup> Battery, 2<sup>nd</sup> Grid (Default)

Battery power will provide power to the load at first. If battery power is running out, grid will back up the load.

**NOTE:** This option will become ineffective during AC charging time and the priority will automatically become 1<sup>st</sup> Grid and 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery order. Otherwise, it will cause battery damage.

## ● Off-Grid (II)



**PV energy supply priority setting:** 1<sup>st</sup> Battery, 2<sup>nd</sup> Load

PV power will charge battery first. After battery is fully charged, if there is remaining PV power left, it will provide power to the load. Feed-in to the grid is not allowed under this mode. At the same time, the grid relay is connected in Inverter mode. That means the transfer time from inverter mode to battery mode will be less than 15ms. Besides, it will avoid overload fault because grid can supply load when connected load is over 30KW.

**Battery charging source:**

1. PV or Grid: If there is remaining PV power after supporting the loads, it will charge battery first. Only until PV power is not available, grid will charge battery.
2. PV only: It is only allow PV power to charge battery.
3. None: It is not allowed to charge battery no matter it's PV power or grid.

**NOTE:** It's allowed to set up AC charging duration.

**Load supply source:**

When PV power is available: 1<sup>st</sup> PV, 2<sup>nd</sup> Grid, 3<sup>rd</sup> Battery

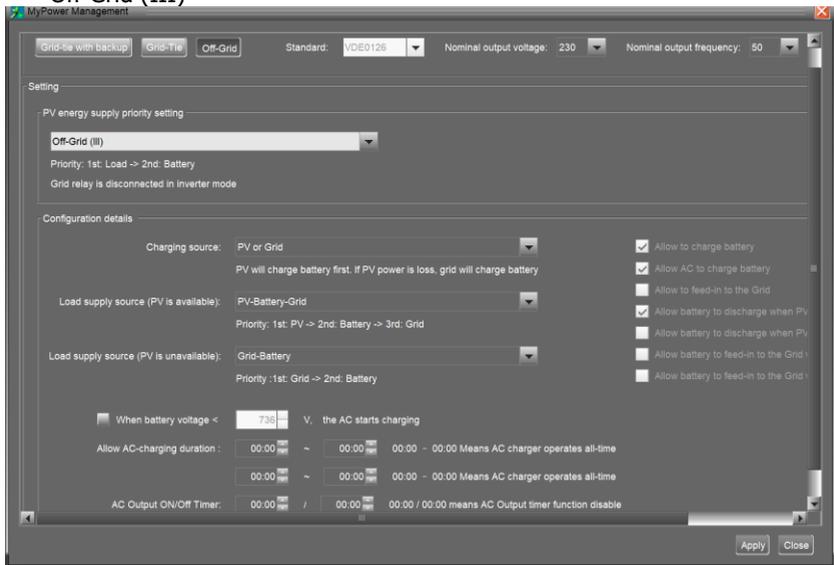
PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, grid will provide power to the load. If grid is not available at the same time, battery power will back up.

When PV power is not available:

1. 1<sup>st</sup> Grid, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery: Grid will provide power to the load at first. If grid is not available, battery power will provide power backup.
2. 1<sup>st</sup> Battery, 2<sup>nd</sup> Grid: Battery power will provide power to the load at first. If battery power is running out, grid will back up the load.

**NOTE:** This option will become ineffective during AC charging time and the priority will automatically become 1<sup>st</sup> Grid and 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery order. Otherwise, it will cause battery damage.

### ● Off-Grid (III)



**PV energy supply priority setting:** 1<sup>st</sup> Load, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery

PV power will provide power to load first and then charge battery. Feed-in to the grid is not allowed under this mode. The grid relay is NOT connected in Inverter mode. That means the transfer time from inverter mode to battery mode will be about 15ms. If connected load is over 30KW and grid is available, this inverter will allow grid to provide power to the loads and PV power to charge battery. Otherwise, this inverter will activate fault protection.

**Battery charging source:**

1. PV or Grid: If there is remaining PV power after supporting the loads, it will charge battery first. Only until PV power is not available, grid will charge battery.
2. PV only: It is only allow PV power to charge battery.
3. None: It is not allowed to charge battery no matter it's PV power or grid.

**NOTE:** It's allowed to set up AC charging duration.

**Load supply source:**

When PV power is available: 1<sup>st</sup> PV, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery, 3<sup>rd</sup> Grid

PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, battery power will back up the load. Only after battery power is running, Grid will back up the load.

When PV power is not available:

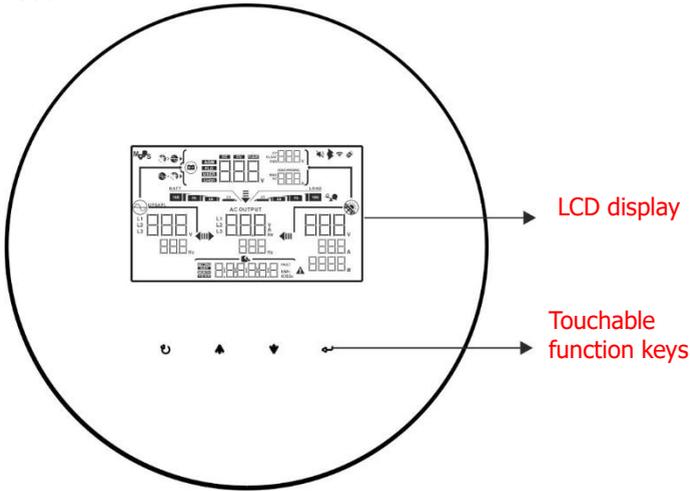
1. 1<sup>st</sup> Grid, 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery: Grid will provide power to the load at first. If grid is not available, battery power will provide power backup.
2. 1<sup>st</sup> Battery, 2<sup>nd</sup> Grid: Battery power will provide power to the load at first. If battery power is running out, grid will back up the load.

**NOTE:** This option will become ineffective during AC charging time and the priority will automatically become 1<sup>st</sup> Grid and 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery order. Otherwise, it will cause battery damage.

# 14. Operation

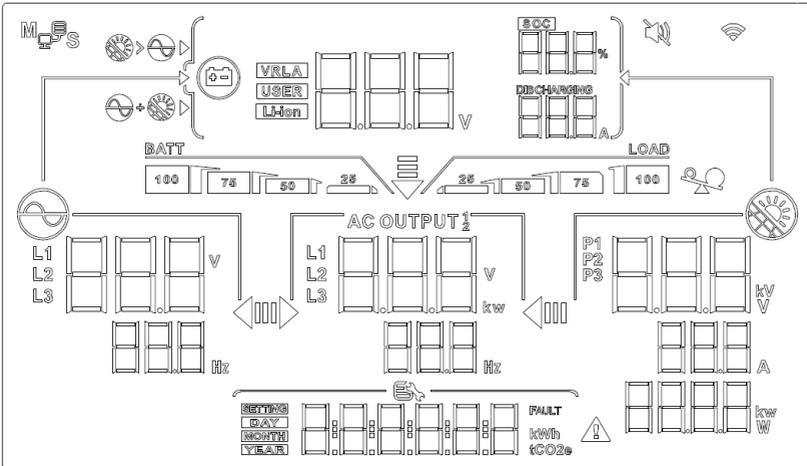
## 14-1. Interface

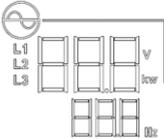
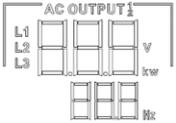
The operation LCD panel, shown in the chart below, includes four touchable function keys and a LCD display to indicate the operating status and input/output power information.



**NOTICE:** To accurately monitor and calculate the energy generation, please calibrate the timer of this unit via software every one month. For the detailed calibration, please check the user manual of bundled software.

## 14-2. LCD Information Define



Display	Function
 <p>The display shows a circle with a diagonal slash (no AC) icon. Below it are three columns for line phases labeled L1, L2, and L3. To the right are two rows of three-digit displays: the top row is labeled 'V' (voltage) and 'Hz' (frequency), and the bottom row is labeled 'Hz' (frequency).</p>	<p>Indicates AC input voltage and frequency.  V: voltage, Hz: frequency,  L1/L2/L3: Line phase</p>
 <p>The display shows 'AC OUTPUT' with a lightning bolt icon. Below it are three columns for AC output phases labeled L1, L2, and L3. To the right are two rows of three-digit displays: the top row is labeled 'V' (voltage) and 'kw' (active power), and the bottom row is labeled 'Hz' (frequency).</p>	<p>Indicates AC output power, voltage, and frequency.  KW: active power, V: Voltage,  Hz: frequency,  L1/L2/L3: AC output phase</p>
 <p>The display shows a lightning bolt icon with a circle and a diagonal slash (no PV) icon. Below it are three columns for PV inputs labeled P1, P2, and P3. To the right are two rows of three-digit displays: the top row is labeled 'KV/V' (voltage) and 'KW' (power), and the bottom row is labeled 'A' (current) and 'KW' (power).</p>	<p>Indicates PV input voltage or power.  KV/V: voltage, KW: power,  P1: PV input 1,  P2: PV input 2,  P3: PV input 3</p>
 <p>The display shows a battery icon with a lightning bolt and a circle with a diagonal slash (no battery) icon. Below it are three columns for battery voltage labeled 'Li-ion'. To the right are two rows of three-digit displays: the top row is labeled 'V' (voltage) and '%', and the bottom row is labeled 'A' (current) and '%'. Above the bottom row is the text 'DISCHARGING'.</p>	<p>Indicates battery voltage ,percentage and battery status  Indicates charging current to battery or discharging current from battery.  V: Battery voltage %: percentage,  A: Battery current  Li-ion: Lithium battery communication connection</p>
 <p>The display shows a grid for date and time. The top row is labeled 'MONTH', 'DAY', and 'YEAR'. The bottom row is labeled 'HOUR', 'MIN', and 'SEC'. To the right is a 'FAULT' icon with a lightning bolt and a triangle.</p>	<p>Indicates date and time or the date and time users set for querying energy generation.</p>
 <p>The display shows a battery level bar with four segments labeled '100', '75', '50', and '25'. The '25' segment is highlighted with a lightning bolt icon.</p>	<p>Indicates battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% and charging status.  Icon  flashing indicates the battery voltage is too low.</p>
 <p>The display shows a hand with a lightning bolt (silent buzzer) and a WiFi signal icon.</p>	<p>Indicates the buzzer is silent and WiFi is connected.</p>
 <p>The display shows a load bar with four segments labeled '25', '50', '75', and '100'. The '100' segment is highlighted with a lightning bolt icon.</p>	<p>Indicates load. If the icons of 25, 50, 75 and 100 are not displayed, indicates AC output for loads is enabled but there is no power provided from inverter.</p>
 <p>The display shows a scale icon with a lightning bolt (overload).</p>	<p>Indicates overload.</p>
 <p>The display shows 'M' (Master) and 'S' (Slave) icons with a lightning bolt (parallel operation working).</p>	<p>Indicates parallel operation is working.  M: Master, S: Slave</p>

	Allow AC and PV power to charge.
	Only PV energy is allowed to charge.

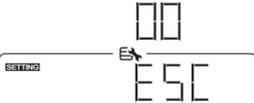
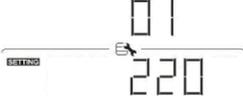
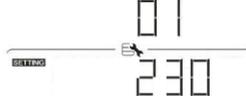
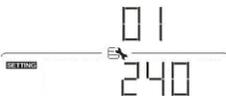
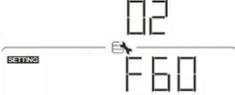
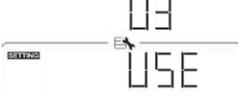
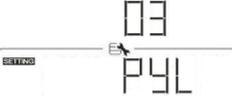
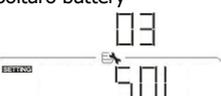
### 14-3. Button Definition

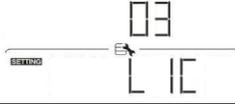
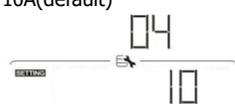
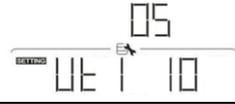
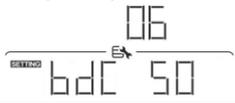
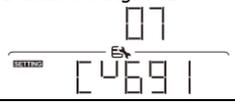
Button	Operation	Function
ENTER	Short press.	Enter query menu.
		If it's in query menu, press this button to confirm selection or entry.
	Press and hold the button for approximately 1 second until the load icon is illuminated.	This inverter is able to provide power to connected loads via AC output connector.
ESC	Short press.	Return to previous menu.
	Press and hold the button until the load icon disappears.	Turn off power to the loads.
Up	Short press.	Select last selection or increase value.
Down	Short press.	If it's in query menu, press this button to jump to next selection or decrease value.
Up+Down	Press and hold these two button for two seconds	Enter setting mode.

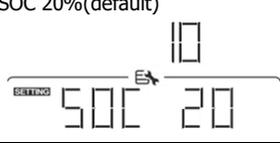
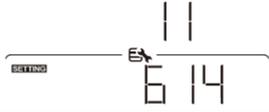
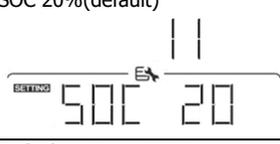
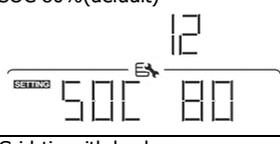
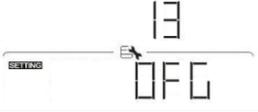
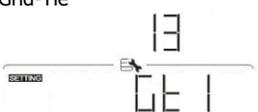
**NOTE:** If backlight shuts off, you may activate it by pressing any button.

### 14-4. LCD Setting

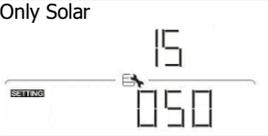
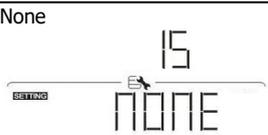
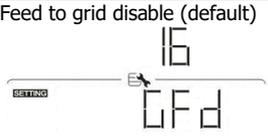
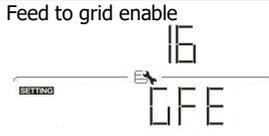
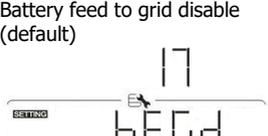
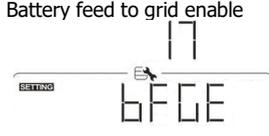
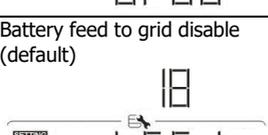
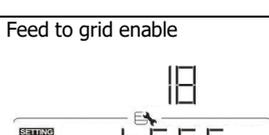
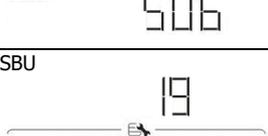
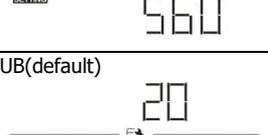
After touching and holding "UP" and "DOWN" buttons for 2 seconds, the unit will enter setting mode. Press "UP" or "DOWN" button to select setting programs. And then, press "ENTER" button to confirm the selection or "ESC" button to exit.

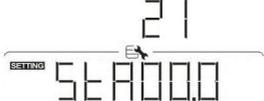
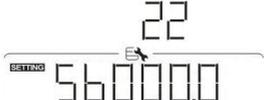
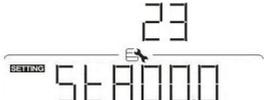
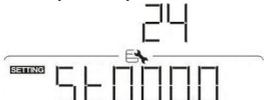
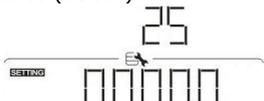
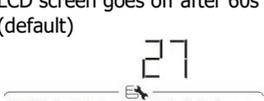
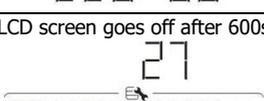
Program	Description	Selectable option	
00	Exit setting mode	Escape 	
01	Output voltage	220Vac 	230Vac(default) 
		240V 	
02	Output frequency	50HZ(default) 	60HZ 
03	Battery type	User-Defined(default) 	If "User Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut off voltage can be set up in program 4, 7, 8 and 9.
		Pylontech battery 	If selected, programs of 4, 7, 8 and 9 will be automatically set up. No need for further setting.
		WECO battery 	If selected, programs of 4, 7, 8 and 9 will be auto-configured per battery supplier recommended. No need for further adjustment.
		Soltaro battery 	If selected, programs of 4, 7, 8 and 9 will be automatically set up. No need for further setting.
		LIb-protocol compatible battery 	Select "LIb" if using Lithium battery compatible to Lib protocol. If selected, programs of 4, 7, 8 and 9 will be automatically set up. No need for further setting.

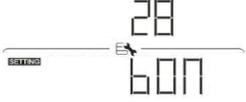
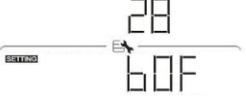
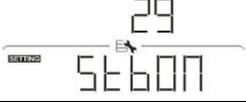
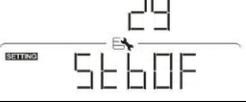
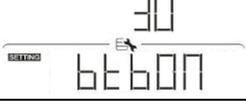
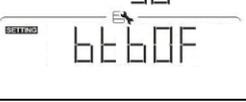
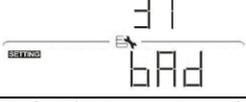
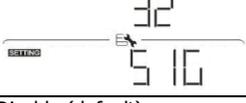
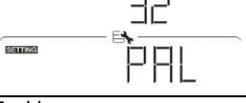
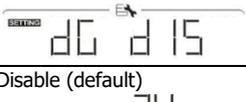
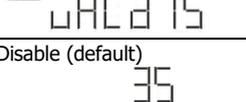
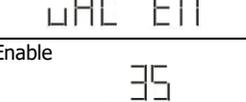
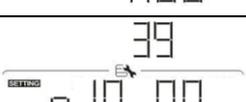
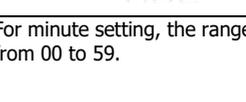
03	Battery type	3 <sup>rd</sup> party Lithium battery 	If selected, programs of 4, 7, 8 and 9 will be automatically set up. No need for further setting. Please contact the battery supplier for installation procedure.
		VSC 	If selected, standard CAN communication will be supported.
04	Maximum charging current: To configure total charging current for solar and utility chargers. (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)	10A(default) 	Setting range is from 1A to 50A.Increment of each click is 1A.
05	Maximum utility charging current	10A(default) 	Setting range is from 1A to 50A.Increment of each click is 1A.
06	Maximum discharging current	50A (default) 	Setting range is from 1A to 50A.Increment of each click is 1A.
07	Bulk charging voltage (C.V voltage)	Default setting: 691V 	Setting range is from 600V to 950V. Increment of each click is 1V.
08	Floating charging voltage	Default setting: 691V 	Setting range is from 600V to 950V. Increment of each click is 1V.
09	Low DC cut off battery voltage or SOC percentage setting when grid is unavailable	Default setting: 576V 	Setting range is from 576V to 800V. Increment of each click is 1V.
		SOC 10% (default) 	If any lithium battery is selected in program 03, setting value will change to SOC automatically. Setting range is from 5% to 80%. Increment of each click is 5%.

10	Battery re-discharging voltage or SOC percentage when grid is unavailable.	Default setting: 614V 	Setting range is form 576V to 800V. Increment of each click is 1V.
		SOC 20%(default) 	If any lithium battery is selected in program 03, setting value will change to SOC automatically. Setting range is from 10% to 100%. Increment of each click is 5%.
11	Low DC cut off battery voltage or SOC percentage when grid is available.	Default setting: 614V 	Setting range is from 576V to 900V voltage. Increment of each click is 1V
		SOC 20%(default) 	If any lithium battery is selected in program 03, setting value will change to SOC automatically. Setting range is from 5% to 95%. Increment of each click is 5%.
12	Battery re-discharging voltage or SOC percentage when grid is available	Default setting: 691V 	Setting range is from 576V to 900V voltage. Increment of each click is 1V
		SOC 80%(default) 	If any lithium battery is selected in program 03, setting value will change to SOC automatically. Setting range is from 10% to 100%. Increment of each click is 5%.
13	Work Mode	Grid-tie with backup 	PV power can feed-in back to grid, provide power to the load and charge battery.
		Off-Grid 	PV power only provides power to the load and charge battery. No feed-in back to grid is allowed.
		Grid-Tie 	PV power only can feed-in back to grid.

14	PV energy supply priority setting	Grid-tie with backup Mode	
		Grid-tie with backup I	Battery-Load-Grid: PV power will charge battery first, then provide power to the load. If there is any remaining power left, it will feed-in to the grid.
		Grid-tie with backup II	Load-Battery-Grid: PV power will provide power to the load first. Then, it will charge battery. If there is any remaining power left, it will feed-in to the grid.
		Grid-tie with backup III	Load-Grid-Battery: PV power will provide power to the load first. If there is more PV power available, it will feed-in to the grid. If feed-in power reaches max. feed-in power setting, the remaining power will charge battery.
		Grid-tie with backup IV	I selected, users are only allowed to set up peak time and off-peak electricity demand. Programs of 15, 17, 18, 19 and 20 can't be set and peak/off-peak time can be set in programs of 21, 22, 23 and 24.
14	PV energy supply priority setting	Off-Grid Mode	
		Off-Grid I	Load-Battery: PV power will provide power to the load first and then charge battery. Feed-in to the grid is not allowed under this mode. At the same time, the grid relay is connected in Inverter mode.
		Off-Grid II	Battery-Load: PV power will charge battery first. After battery is fully charged, if there is remaining PV power left, it will provide power to the load. Feed-in to the grid is not allowed under this mode. At the same time, the grid relay is connected in Inverter mode.
		Off-Grid III	Load-Battery: PV power will provide power to load first and then charge battery. Feed-in to the grid is not allowed under this mode. The grid relay is NOT connected in Inverter mode.
		Grid-Tie Mode	
			PV power only feeds-in to the grid. No priority setting is available.
15	Charger source priority	Solar and Utility(default)	If there is remaining PV power after supporting the loads, it will charge battery first. Only until PV power is not available, grid will charge battery.

15	Charger source priority	Only Solar 	It is only allow PV power to charge battery.
		None 	It is not allowed to charge battery no matter it's PV power or grid.
16	Feed to grid configuration	Feed to grid disable (default) 	Feed to grid enable 
		Battery feed to grid configuration when solar is available 	Battery feed to grid enable 
18	Battery energy feed to grid configuration when solar is unavailable	Battery feed to grid disable (default) 	Feed to grid enable 
		19	Load supply source when PV is available.
SBU 	Solar-Battery-Grid: PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, battery power will provide power to the load. When battery power is running out or not available, grid will back up the load.		
20	Load supply source when PV is unavailable.	UB(default) 	Grid-Battery: Grid will provide power to the load at first. If grid is not available, battery power will provide power backup.
		BU 	Battery-Grid: Battery power will provide power to the load at first. If battery power is running out, grid will back up the load. This setting is ineffective during AC charging.

21	Start charging time for first AC charging interval	00:00 (Default) 	The setting range of first start charging time for AC charger is from 00:00 to 23:00. Increment of each click is 1 hour.
22	Stop charging time for first AC charging interval	00:00 (Default) 	The setting range of first stop charging time for AC charger is from 00:00 to 23:00. Increment of each click is 1 hour.
23	Start charging time for second AC charging interval	00:00 (Default) 	The setting range of second start charging time for AC charger is from 00:00 to 23:00. Increment of each click is 1 hour.
24	Stop charging time for second AC charging interval	00:00 (Default) 	The setting range of second stop charging time for AC charger is from 00:00 to 23:00. Increment of each click is 1 hour.
25	Scheduled time for AC output on	00:00 (Default) 	The setting range of scheduled time for AC output on is from 00:00 to 23:00. Increment of each click is 1 hour.
26	Scheduled time for AC output off	00:00 (Default) 	The setting range of scheduled time for AC output off is from 00:00 to 23:00. Increment of each click is 1 hour.
27	Waiting time for LCD display off	LCD screen is always on 	LCD screen goes off after 30s 
		LCD screen goes off after 60s (default) 	LCD screen goes off after 300s. 
		LCD screen goes off after 600s 	

28	Alarm control	Alarm on (default) 	Alarm off 
29	Alarm control in standby mode	Alarm on in standby mode (default) 	Alarm off in standby mode 
30	Alarm control in battery mode	Alarm on in battery mode (default) 	Alarm off in battery mode 
31	Activate lithium battery when the device is powered on	Activate lithium battery enable (default) 	Activate lithium battery disable 
32	AC output mode	Single: This inverter is used in single phase application (default) 	Parallel: This inverter is operated in parallel system. 
33	Generator as AC source	Disable (default) 	Enable 
34	Wide AC input range	Disable (default) 	Enable 
35	N/G relay close in battery mode	Disable (default) 	Enable 
39	Time setting – Minute		For minute setting, the range is from 00 to 59.
40	Time setting –Hour		For hour setting, the range is from 00 to 23.

41	Time setting–Day		For day setting, the range is from 00 to 31.
42	Time setting–Month		For month setting, the range is from 01 to 12.
43	Time setting –Year		For year setting, the range is from 17 to 99.
60	Low DC cut off voltage or SOC percentage on second AC (L2) output.	Default setting:576V 	Setting range is from 576V to 800V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.
		SOC 10%(default) 	If any lithium battery is selected in program 03, setting value will change to SOC automatically. Setting range is from 5% to 100%. Increment of each click is 5%.
61	Setting discharge time on the second AC (L2) output	Disable(default) 	Setting range is disable and then from 5 min to 990 min.
62	Scheduled time for the second AC (L2) output on	00:00 (Default) 	The setting range of AC output on is from 00:00 to 23:00. Increment of each click is 1 hour.
63	Scheduled time for the second AC (L2) output off	00:00 (Default) 	The setting range of AC output off is from 00:00 to 23:00. Increment of each click is 1 hour.
64	Low DC cut off voltage or SOC percentage on the second AC (L2) output	Default setting:614V 	Setting range is from 576V to 800V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.
		SOC 20%(default) 	If any lithium battery is selected in program 03, setting value will change to SOC automatically. Setting range is from 10% to 100%. Increment of each click is 5%.

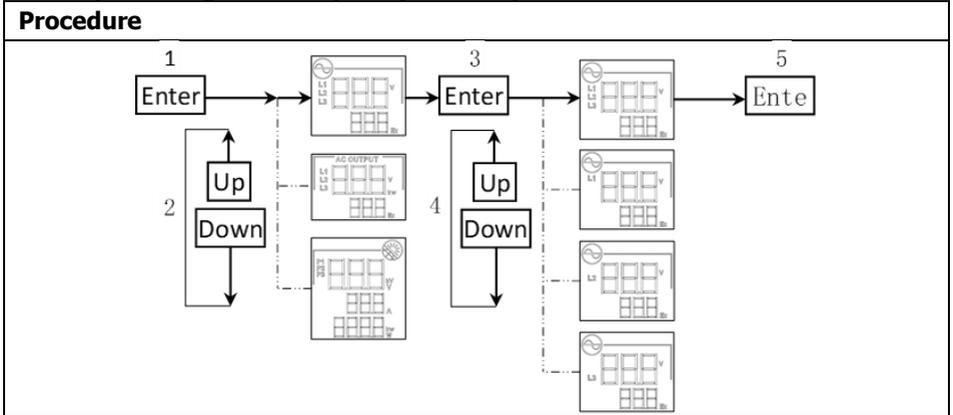
### 14-5. Query Menu Operation

The display shows current contents that have been set. The displayed contents can be changed in query menu via button operation. Press 'Enter' button to enter query menu. There are three query selections:

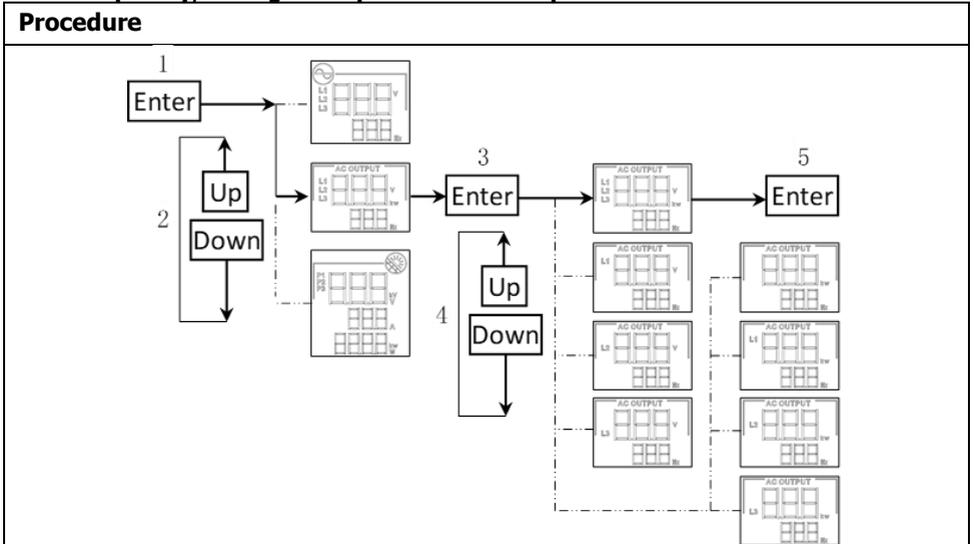
- Input voltage and frequency of AC input.
- Frequency, voltage and power of AC output.
- Input voltage, power and current of PV input.

#### Setting Display Procedure

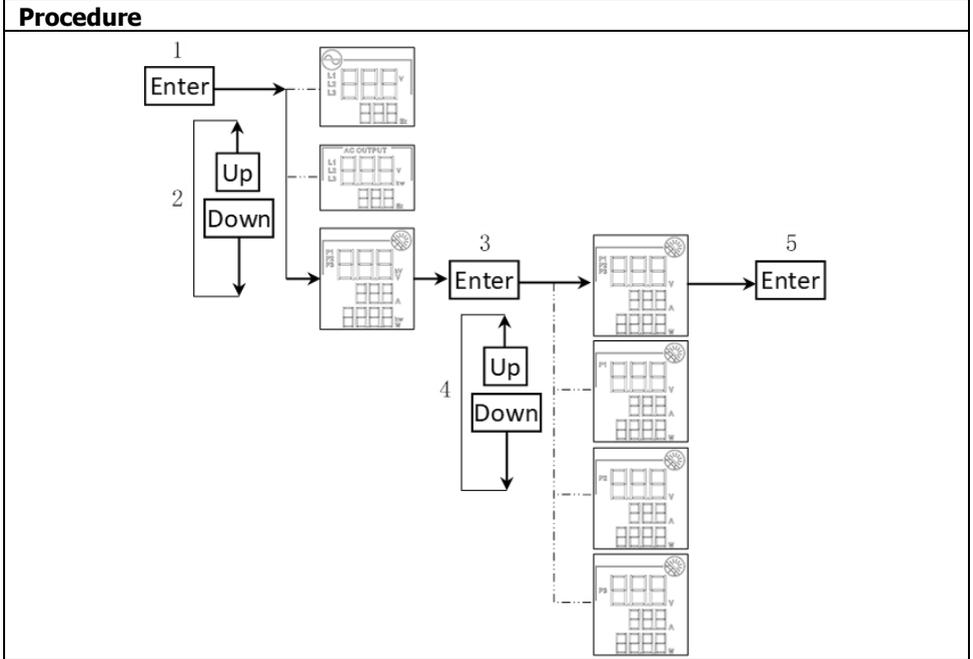
- **Input voltage and frequency of AC input**



- **Frequency, voltage and power of AC output**



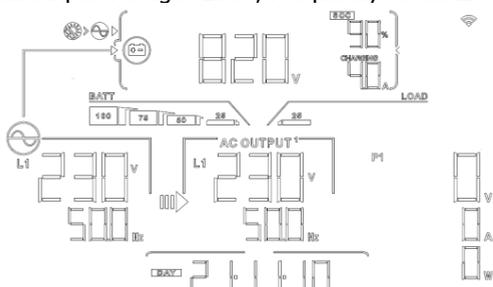
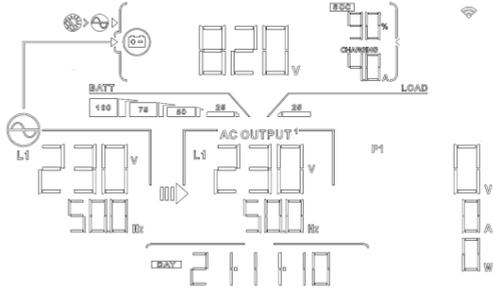
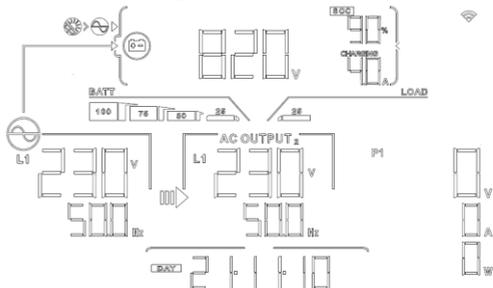
● **Input voltage and power of PV input.**

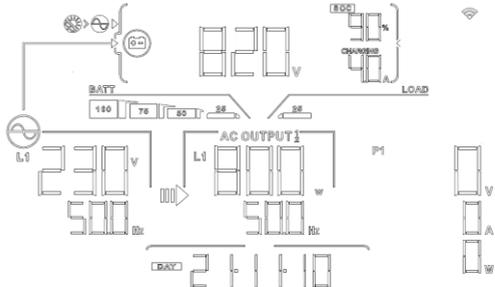
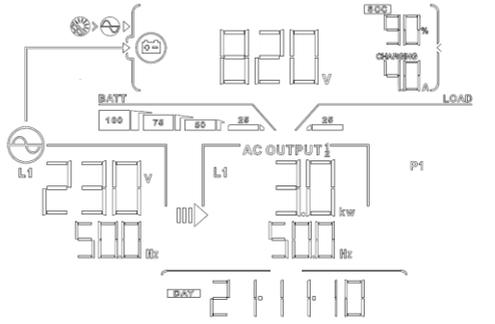
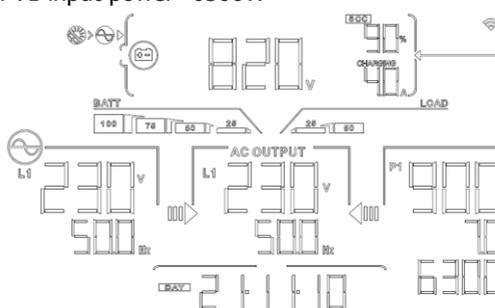


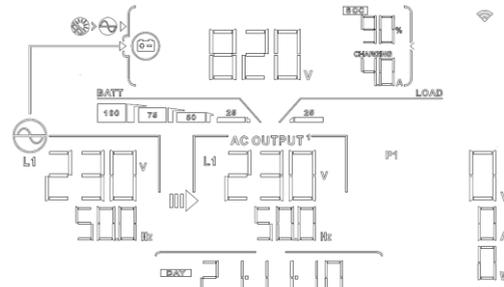
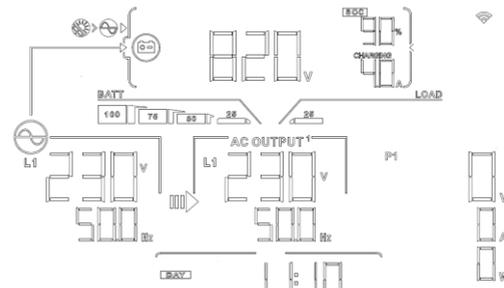
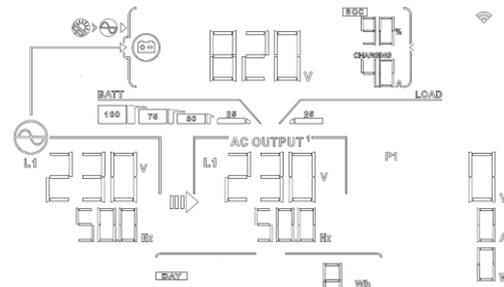
**Switch LCD Displayed Information**

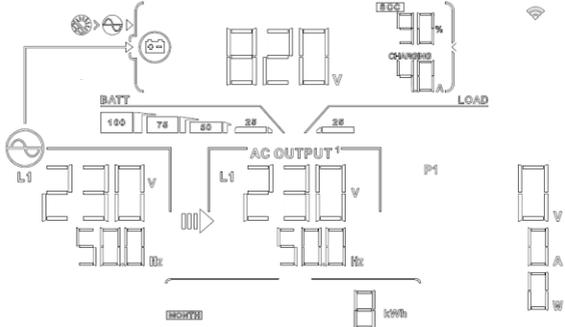
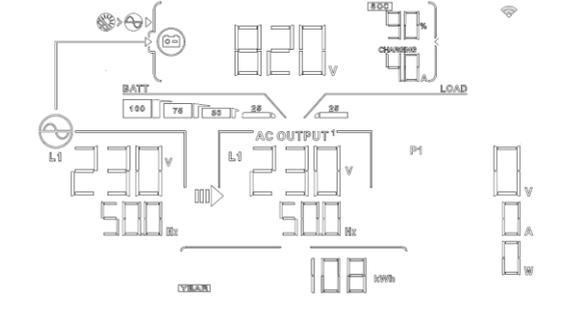
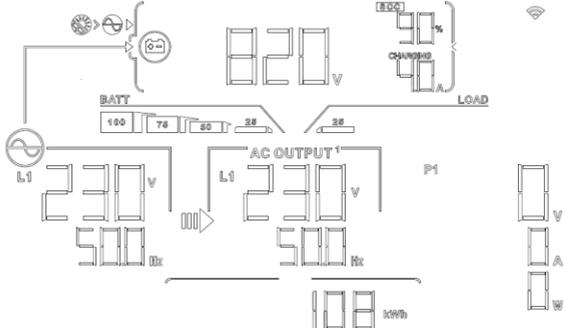
The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing “Up” or “Down” key. The selectable information is switched as the following table in order.

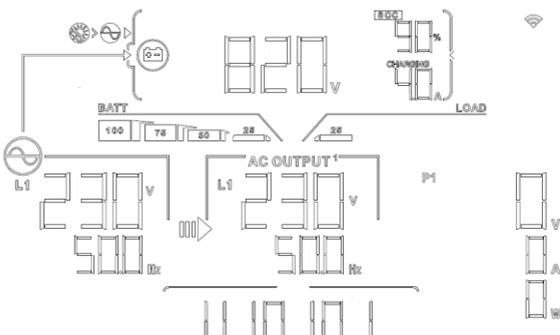
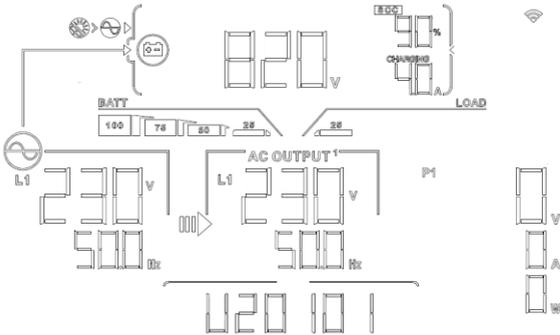
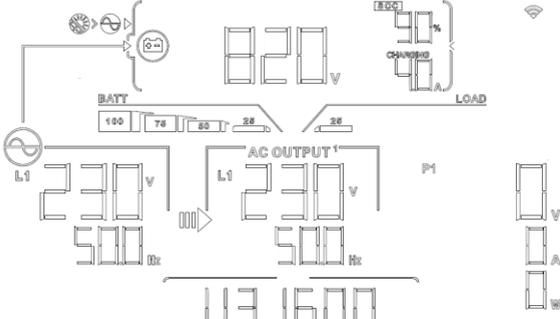
Selectable information	LCD display
Default Display Screen	<p>Battery voltage=820V, Battery percentage=90% Charging current=4.0A,</p> <p>The screenshot shows the LCD display with the following information: Battery voltage (820V), Battery percentage (90%), Charging current (4.0A), AC output voltage (230V), AC output current (500A), and a date/time display (211110). The display also shows 'BATT', 'AC OUTPUT', and 'LOAD' indicators.</p>

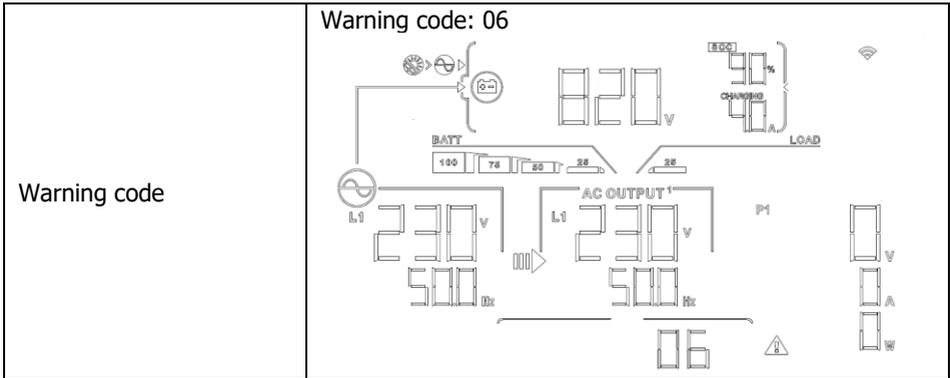
	<p>Input information (R-voltage, S-voltage, T-voltage, switch every 5 second )</p>	<p>R-phase input voltage=230V, Frequency=50.0HZ</p> 
<p>Default Display Screen</p>	<p>Output information (R-voltage, S-voltage, T-voltage, total power, R-power, S-power, T-power switch every 5 second )</p>	<p>Main R-phase output voltage=230V, Frequency=50.0HZ</p> 
		<p><b>Second output (L2)</b> R-phase output voltage=230V, Frequency=50.0HZ</p> 

	<p>Output information (R-voltage, S-voltage, T-voltage, total power, R-power, S-power, T-power switch every 5 second )</p>	<p>R-phase output total power=800w</p> 
<p>Default Display Screen</p>	<p>Output information Output information (R-voltage, S-voltage, T-voltage, total power, R-power, S-power, T-power switch every 5 second )</p>	<p>Total power=3kw</p> 
	<p>PV input information (PV1 ,PV2 and PV3 information switch every 5 second )</p>	<p>PV1 input voltage=900V, PV1 input current=7A PV1 input power=6300W</p> 

<p>Default Display Screen</p>	<p>Real Date</p>	<p>Real date: 2021-11-10</p> 
<p>Real time</p>		<p>Real time: 11:10</p> 
<p>PV energy generated today</p>		<p>PV energy generated today =8Wh.</p> 

<p>PV energy generated this month</p>	<p>PV energy generated this month = 8kWh.</p> 
<p>PV energy generated this year</p>	<p>PV energy generated this year = 108kWh</p> 
<p>Total PV energy generated</p>	<p>Total PV energy generated = 108kWh.</p> 

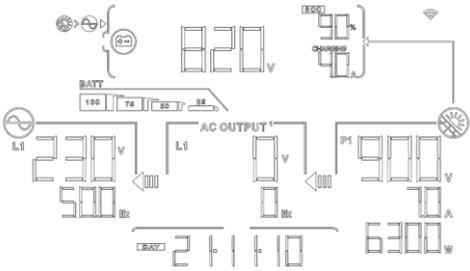
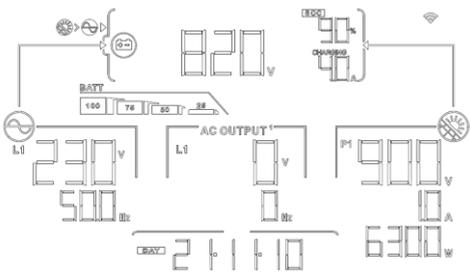
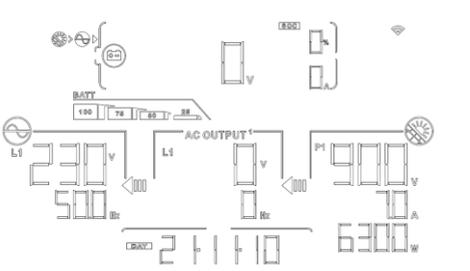
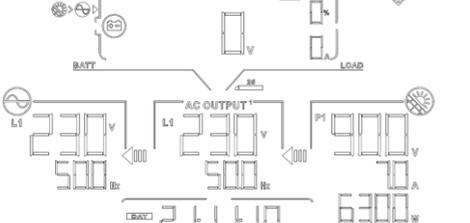
<p>Main CPU version checking</p>	<p>Main CPU version 01.01.</p> 
<p>Secondary CPU version checking</p>	<p>Secondary CPU version 01.01.</p> 
<p>Firmware version checking</p>	<p>Firmware version 16.00</p> 

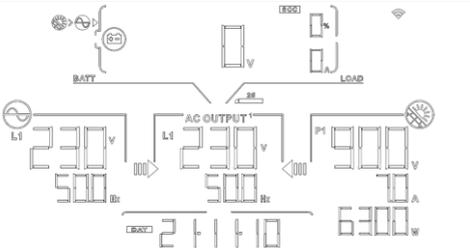


**14-6. Operation Mode & Display**  
**Inverter mode with grid connected**

This inverter is connected to grid and working with DC/INV operation.

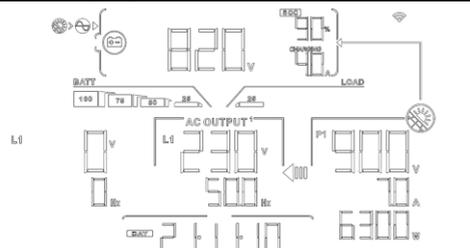
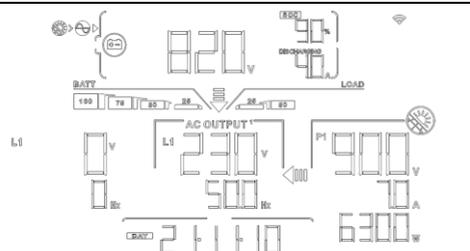
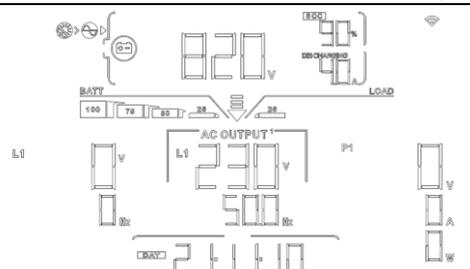
LCD Display	Description
	<p>PV power is sufficient to charge battery, provide power to loads, and then feed in to the grid.</p>
	<p>PV power is sufficient to charge the battery first. However, remaining PV power is not sufficient to back up the load. Therefore, remaining PV power and the utility are supplying power to the connected load. If PV power is not sufficient to charge battery by itself, PV power and the utility are charging battery at the same time. And the utility is also supplying power to the connected load.</p>

LCD Display	Description
	<p>This inverter is disabled to generate power to the loads via AC output. PV power is sufficient to charge battery first. Remaining PV power will feed in back to grid.</p>
	<p>This inverter is disabled to generate power to the loads via AC output. PV power and utility are charging battery at the same time because of insufficient PV power.</p>
	<p>This inverter is disabled to generate power to the loads via AC output. PV power is feeding power back to the grid. The battery icon flashes to indicated that battery is not connected.</p>
	<p>PV power is sufficient to provide power to loads and feeds power back to the grid. The battery icon flashes to indicated that battery is not connected.</p>

LCD Display	Description
 <p>The LCD display shows a battery icon that is flashing. The PV power is indicated as 820V. The AC output is 230V, 500Hz. The load is 900V, 70A, 6300W. The battery level is 100%. The display also shows 'L1' and 'P1' labels.</p>	<p>PV power and utility are providing power to the connected loads because of insufficient PV power. The battery icon flashes to indicate that the battery is not connected.</p>

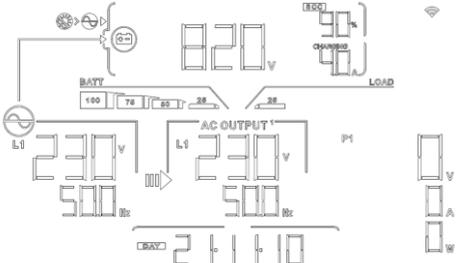
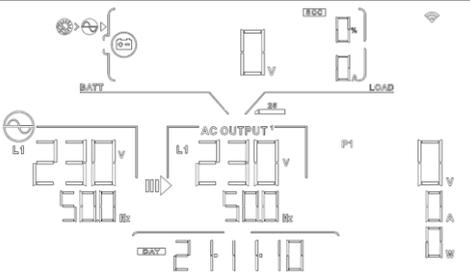
### Inverter mode without grid connected

This inverter is working with DC/INV operation and not connecting to the grid.

LCD Display	Description
 <p>The LCD display shows a battery icon that is solid. The PV power is 820V. The AC output is 230V, 500Hz. The load is 900V, 70A, 6300W. The battery level is 100%. The display also shows 'L1' and 'P1' labels.</p>	<p>PV power is sufficient to charge the battery and provide power to the connected loads.</p>
 <p>The LCD display shows a battery icon that is solid. The PV power is 820V. The AC output is 230V, 500Hz. The load is 900V, 70A, 6300W. The battery level is 100%. The display also shows 'L1' and 'P1' labels.</p>	<p>PV power is generated, but not sufficient to power loads by itself. PV power and battery are providing power to the connected loads at the same time.</p>
 <p>The LCD display shows a battery icon that is solid. The AC output is 230V, 500Hz. The load is 900V, 70A, 6300W. The battery level is 100%. The display also shows 'L1' and 'P1' labels.</p>	<p>Only battery power is available to provide power to connected loads.</p>

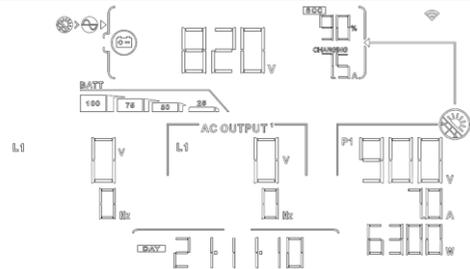
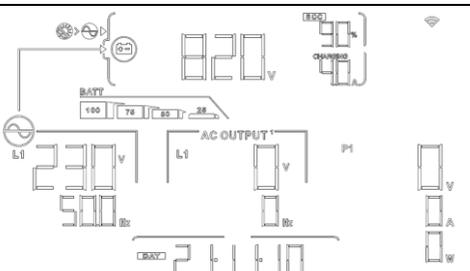
## Bypass mode

The inverter is working without DC/INV operation and connecting to the loads.

LCD Display	Description
 <p>The LCD display shows a utility power icon (circle with a lightning bolt) and a battery icon with a plus sign, indicating charging. The main display shows '820 V' and 'CHARGE'. Below, it shows 'BATT' with a battery icon and 'AC OUTPUT' with a plug icon. The bottom status bar shows '2 1 1 1 0'. On the right, there are three vertical bars labeled 'V', 'A', and 'W'.</p>	<p>Only utility is charging battery and providing power to connected loads.</p>
 <p>The LCD display shows a utility power icon and a battery icon with a minus sign, indicating it is not connected. The main display shows '820 V' and 'LOAD'. Below, it shows 'BATT' with a battery icon and 'AC OUTPUT' with a plug icon. The bottom status bar shows '2 1 1 1 0'. On the right, there are three vertical bars labeled 'V', 'A', and 'W'.</p>	<p>Only utility is available to provide power to connected loads. The battery icon flashes to indicated that battery is not connected.</p>

## Standby mode :

The inverter is working without DC/INV operation and load connected.

LCD Display	Description
 <p>The LCD display shows a utility power icon and a battery icon with a plus sign. The main display shows '820 V' and 'CHARGE'. Below, it shows 'BATT' with a battery icon and 'AC OUTPUT' with a plug icon. The bottom status bar shows '2 1 1 1 0'. On the right, there are three vertical bars labeled 'V', 'A', and 'W'. A warning icon (circle with an exclamation mark) is shown next to the AC output section.</p>	<p>This inverter is disabled on AC output or even AC power output is enabled, but an error occurs on AC output. Only PV power is sufficient to charge battery.</p>
 <p>The LCD display shows a utility power icon and a battery icon with a minus sign. The main display shows '820 V' and 'LOAD'. Below, it shows 'BATT' with a battery icon and 'AC OUTPUT' with a plug icon. The bottom status bar shows '2 1 1 1 0'. On the right, there are three vertical bars labeled 'V', 'A', and 'W'.</p>	<p>This inverter is disabled to generate power to the loads via AC output. PV power is not detected or available at this moment. Only utility is available to charge battery.</p>

LCD Display	Description
	<p>If PV, battery or utility icons are flashing, it means they are not within acceptable working range. If they are not displayed, it means they are not detected.</p>

## 15. Charging Management

Charging Parameter	Default Value	Note
Charging current	10A	It can be adjusted via software from 1Amp to 50Amp.
Floating charging voltage (default)	691.0 Vdc	It can be adjusted via software from 600Vac to 950Vdc.
Max. absorption charging voltage (default)	691.0 Vdc	It can be adjusted via software from 600Vac to 950Vdc.
Battery overcharge protection loss point	700.0 Vdc	It can be adjusted from 600Vdc to 1000Vdc.
Battery overcharge protection back point	Loss point-20V	
<p>Charging process based on default setting.</p> <p>3 stages:</p> <p>First – max. charging voltage increases to 691V;</p> <p>Second- charging voltage will maintain at 691V until charging current is down to 2 Amp;</p> <p>Third- go to floating charging at 691V.</p>		

This inverter can connect to battery types of sealed lead acid battery, vented battery, gel battery and lithium battery. The detail installation and maintenance explanations of the external battery pack are provided in the manufacturer's external battery pack of manual.

If using sealed lead acid battery, please set up the max. charging current according to below formula:

$$\text{The maximum charging current} = \text{Battery capacity (Ah)} \times 0.2$$

For example, if you are using 300 Ah battery, then, maximum charging current is  $300 \times 0.2 = 60$  (A). Please use at least 50Ah battery because the settable minimum value of charging current is 10A. If using AGM/Gel or other types of battery, please consult with installer for the details.

Below is setting screen from software:

**Parameters setting**

Min. grid-connected voltage: 184 V	Apply	The waiting time before grid-connection: 60 Sec.	Apply
Max. grid-connected voltage: 264.5 V	Apply	Max. grid-connected average voltage: 253 V	Apply
Min. grid-connected frequency: 47.48 Hz	Apply	Max. feed-in grid power: 10,000 W	Apply
Max. grid-connected frequency: 51.5 Hz	Apply		
Min. PV input voltage: 300 V	Apply	<b>Floating charging voltage: 54 V</b>	<b>Apply</b>
Max. PV input voltage: 900 V	Apply	Battery cut-off discharging voltage when Grid is available: 48 V	Apply
Min. MPP voltage: 350 V	Apply	Battery re-discharging voltage when Grid is available: 54 V	Apply
Max. MPP voltage: 850 V	Apply	Battery cut-off discharging voltage when Grid is unavailable: 42 V	Apply
<b>Max. charging current: 60 A</b>	<b>Apply</b>	Battery re-discharging voltage when Grid is unavailable: 48 V	Apply
Max. AC charging current: 60 A	Apply	Battery temperature compensation: 0 mV	Apply
Bulk charging voltage(C.V. voltage): 56 V	Apply	Feeding grid power calibration: 0 W	Apply
Start LCD screen-saver after: None Sec.	Apply	Max. battery discharge current in hybrid mode: 10 A	Apply
Mute Buzzer alarm: <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	Apply	Generator as AC source: <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	Apply
Mute the buzzer in the Standby mode: <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	Apply	Activate Li-Fe battery while commissioning: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Apply
Mute alarm in battery mode: <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	Apply	Wide AC input range: <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	Apply
When float charging current is less than X (A) and continued T (Min),then charger off, when battery voltage is less than Y (V),then charger on again.			
X: 0 A	T: 60 Min.	Y: 53 V	Apply
Any schedule change will affect the power generated and shall be conservatively made.			
System time: 2014-10-27			
14:03:21	Apply		
Close			

## 16. Maintenance & Cleaning

Check the following points to ensure proper operation of whole solar system at regular intervals.

- Ensure all connectors of this inverter are cleaned all the time.
- Before cleaning the solar panels, be sure to turn off PV DC breakers.
- Clean the solar panels, during the cool time of the day, whenever it is visibly dirty.
- Periodically inspect the system to make sure that all wires and supports are securely fastened in place.

**WARNING:** There are no user-replaceable parts inside of the inverter. Do not attempt to service the unit yourself.

### Battery Maintenance

- Servicing of batteries should be performed or supervised by personnel knowledgeable about batteries and the required precautions.
- When replacing batteries, replace with the same type and number of batteries or battery packs.
- The following precautions should be observed when working on batteries:
  - a) Remove watches, rings, or other metal objects.
  - b) Use tools with insulated handles.
  - c) Wear rubber gloves and boots.
  - d) Do not lay tools or metal parts on top of batteries.
  - e) Disconnect charging source prior to connecting or disconnecting battery terminals.
  - f) Determine if battery is inadvertently grounded. If inadvertently grounded, remove source from ground. Contact with any part of a grounded battery can result in electrical shock. The likelihood of such shock can be reduced if such grounds are removed during installation and maintenance (applicable to equipment and remote battery supplies not having a grounded supply circuit).

**CAUTION:** A battery can present a risk of electrical shock and high short-circuit current.

**CAUTION:** Do not dispose of batteries in a fire. The batteries may explode.

**CAUTION:** Do not open or mutilate batteries. Released electrolyte is harmful to the skin and eyes. It may be toxic.

## 17. Trouble Shooting

When there is no information displayed in the LCD, please check if PV module/battery/grid connection is correctly connected.

**NOTE:** The warning and fault information can be recorded by remote monitoring software.

### 17-1. Warning List

There are 20 situations defined as warnings. When a warning situation occurs,  icon will flash and  will display warning code. If there are several codes, it will display in sequences. Please contact your installer when you couldn't handle with the warning situations.

Code	Warning Event	Icon (flashing)	Description
01	Line voltage high loss		Grid voltage is too high.
02	Line voltage low loss		Grid voltage is too low.
03	Line frequency high loss		Grid frequency is too high.
04	Line frequency low loss		Grid frequency is too low.
05	Line voltage loss for long time		Grid voltage is higher than 253V.
06	Ground Loss		Ground wire is not detected.
07	Island detect		Island operation is detected.
08	Line waveform loss		The waveform of grid is not suitable for inverter.
09	Line phase loss		The phase of grid is not in right sequence.
10	EPO detected		EPO is open.
11	Overload		Load exceeds rating value.
12	Over temperature		The temperature is too high inside.
13	Batter voltage low		Battery discharges to low alarm point.
14	Battery under-voltage when grid is loss		Battery discharges to shutdown point.
15	Battery open		Battery is unconnected or too low.
16	Battery under-voltage when grid is OK		Battery stops discharging when the grid is OK.
17	Solar over voltage		PV voltage is too high.
b0	Stop discharging battery		Informs inverter to stop discharging battery.
b1	Stop charging battery		Informs inverter to stop charging battery
b2	Charge battery		Informs inverter to charge battery.

## 17-2. Fault Reference Codes

When a fault occurs, refer to below table to solve problem.

Situation			Solution
Fault Code	Fault Event	Possible cause	
01	Bus voltage over	Surge	1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
02	BUS voltage under	PV or battery disconnect suddenly	1. Restart the inverter 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
03	BUS soft start time out	Internal components failed.	Please contact your installer.
04	INV soft start time out	Internal components failed.	Please contact your installer.
05	R phase INV over current	Surge	1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
06	Over temperature	Internal temperature is too high.	1. Check the ambient temperature and fans. 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
07	Relay fault	Internal components failed.	Please contact your installer.
08	DC CT sensor fault	Internal components failed.	Please contact your installer.
09	Solar input power abnormal	1. Solar input driver damaged. 2. Solar input power is too much when voltage is more than 850V.	1. Please check if solar input voltage is higher than 850V. 2. Please contact your installer.
11	Solar over current	Surge	1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
12	GFCI fault	Leakage current exceeds the limit.	1. Check the wire and panels which may cause the leakage.

13	PV ISO fault	The resistance between PV and ground is too low.	2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
14	R phase INV DC current over	Utility fluctuates.	1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
16	GFCI sensor fault	GFCI sensor failed.	Please contact your installer.
17	DSP and MCU Com. Loss	Communication loss between DSP and MCU	Please contact your installer.
22	Battery high voltage fault	Battery voltage exceeds the limit.	1. Check the battery voltage. 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
23	Over load	The inverter is loaded with more than 110% load and time is up.	Reduced the connected load by switching off some equipment.
24	S phase INV over current	Surge	1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
25	T phase INV over current	Surge	1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
26	INV short	Output short circuited.	Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal load.
27	Fan lock	Fan failure	Please contact your installer.
29	INV CT sensor fault	Internal components failure	Please contact your installer.
30	S phase INV DC current over	Utility fluctuates.	1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
31	T phase INV DC current over	Utility fluctuates.	1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
32	DC/DC over current	Battery voltage fluctuates.	1. Restart the inverter. 2. If the error message still

			remains, please contact your installer.
33	R phase INV voltage low	Internal components failed.	Please contact your installer.
34	R phase INV voltage high	Internal components failed.	Please contact your installer.
35	Wire connection fault	Internal wires loosen.	Please contact your installer.
36	OP voltage fault	Grid connects to output terminal	Don't connect the grid to the output terminal.
37	N Line over current	Utility fluctuates.	Please contact your installer.
38	Short circuited on PV input	Short circuited on PV input	Please contact your installer.
39	S phase INV voltage low	Internal components failed.	Please contact your installer.
40	T phase INV voltage low	Internal components failed.	Please contact your installer.
41	S phase INV voltage high	Internal components failed.	Please contact your installer.
42	T phase INV voltage high	Internal components failed.	Please contact your installer.
50	Incompatible inverter firmware	Inverter hardware does not match firmware.	Please contact your installer.
51	Exit battery over temperature	Exit battery temperature is too high.	1. Check the ambient temperature and fans. 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
52	P1 over temperature	Temperature is too high on P1.	1. Check the ambient temperature and fans. 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
53	P2 over temperature	Temperature is too high on P2.	1. Check the ambient temperature and fans. 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
55	R phase INV over temperature	R phase INV temperature is too high.	1. Check the ambient temperature and fans. 2. If the error message still remains, please contact your

			installer.
56	S phase INV over temperature	S phase INV temperature is too high.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the ambient temperature and fans.</li> <li>2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
57	T phase INV over temperature	T phase INV temperature is too high.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the ambient temperature and fans.</li> <li>2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
58	DC/DC over temperature	DC/DC temperature is too high.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the ambient temperature and fans.</li> <li>2. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>

## 18. Specifications

<b>MODEL</b>	<b>30KW</b>
<b>RATED OUPUT POWER</b>	30000W
<b>PV INPUT (DC)</b>	
Max. PV Power	40000W
Nominal DC Voltage	720Vdc
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	1000 VDC
Working voltage range	350 ~ 1000 VDC
MPPT Range @ Operating Voltage	350 VDC~900 VDC
Full power MPPT range	500 ~ 900Vdc ( $\pm 10$ Vdc)
Max. PV Array Short Circuit Current	PV1:26A PV2:26A PV3:26A
Number of MPP Tracker	3
<b>GRID-TIE OPERATION</b>	
<b>GRID OUTPUT (AC)</b>	
Nominal Output Voltage	220/230/240 VAC
Max feeding power	30000W
Feed-in Grid Voltage Range	184 - 265 VAC per phase
Feed-in Grid Frequency Range	47.5 ~ 51.5 Hz or 59.3~ 60.5Hz
Nominal Output Current	43.5 A per phase
Power Factor Range	>0.99
Maximum Conversion Efficiency (DC/AC)	96.5%
<b>OFF-GRID, HYBRID OPERATION</b>	
<b>GRID INPUT</b>	
Acceptable Input Voltage Range	170~290 VAC per phase
Frequency Range	50 Hz/60 Hz (Auto sensing)
Max. AC Input current	50Amp per phase
<b>GENERATOR INPUT</b>	
Maximum Input Power	30000W
Acceptable Input Voltage Range	170~290 VAC per phase
Acceptable Input Frequency Range	40.0 ~ 60.0 Hz or 50.0.~ 70.0Hz
Maximum AC Input Current	50Amp per phase
<b>BATTERY MODE OUTPUT (AC)</b>	
Nominal Output Voltage	220/230/240 VAC
Output Waveform	Pure Sine Wave
Efficiency (DC to AC)	96%

Output Power	30000W
<b>BATTERY &amp; CHARGER</b>	
Nominal DC Voltage	614.4 VDC
Maximum Charging Current	50A
<b>GENERAL</b>	
Dimension, D X W X H (mm)	255 x 660 x 750
Net Weight (kgs)	73
<b>INTERFACE</b>	
Parallel-able	Yes
External Safety Box (Optional)	Yes
Communication	USB, RS232, RS 485, WiFi
<b>ENVIRONMENT</b>	
Humidity	0 ~ 95% RH (No condensing)
Operating Temperature	-25°C to 50°C

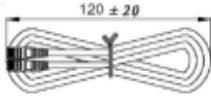
# Appendix I: Parallel Installation Guide

## Introduction

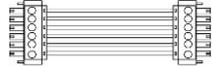
This inverter can be used in parallel with maximum 6 units.

## Parallel cable

You will find the following items in the package:

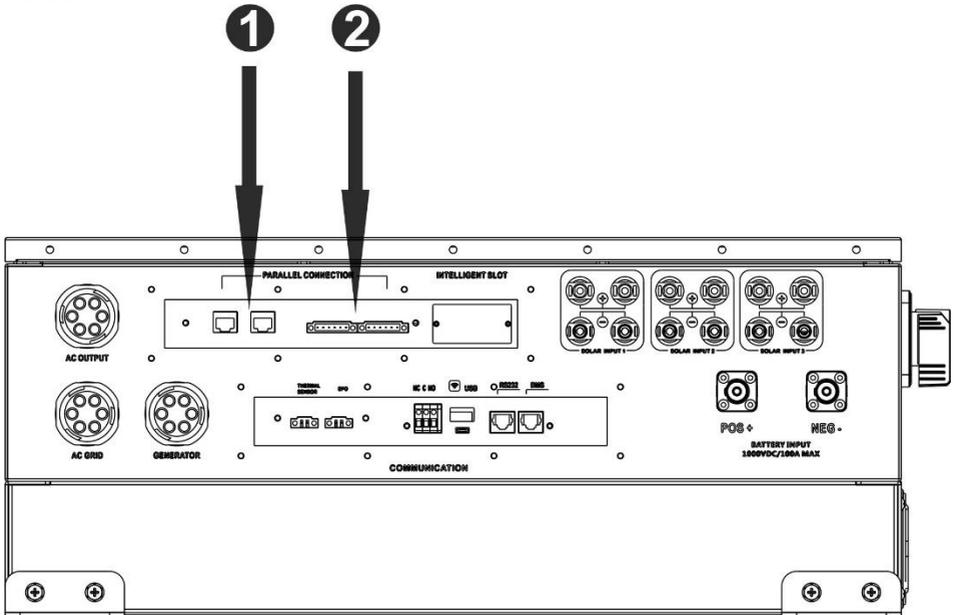


Parallel communication cable



Current sharing cable

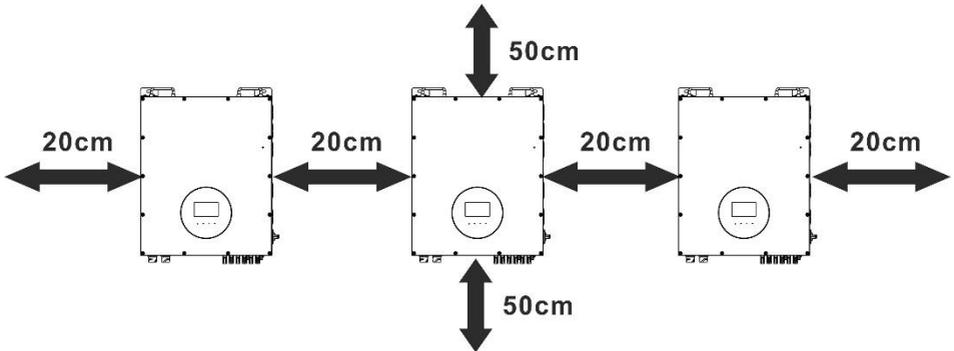
## Overview



1. Parallel communication port
2. Current sharing port

## Mounting the Unit

When installing multiple units, please follow below chart.



**NOTE:** For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, it's necessary to allow a clearance of approx. 50 cm to the side and approx. 20 cm above and below the unit. Be sure to install each unit in the same level.

## Wiring Connection

The cable size of each inverter is shown as below:

### Recommended battery cable size for each inverter:

Model	AWG no.	Torque
30KW	1*4AWG	5.5~7 Nm

**WARNING1:** Be sure the length of all battery cables is the same. Otherwise, there will be voltage difference between inverter and battery to cause parallel inverters not working.

**WARNING2:** The battery of each inverter must be independent.

### Recommended AC input and output cable size for each inverter:

Model	AWG no.	Torque
30KW	8 AWG	1.2~1.6Nm

You need to connect the cables of each inverter together. Take the battery cables for example. You need to use a connector or bus-bar as a joint to connect the battery cables together, and then connect to the battery terminal. The cable size used from joint to battery should be X times cable size in the tables above. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

Regarding cable size of AC input and output, please also follow the same principle.

**CAUTION!!** Please install a breaker at the battery side. This will ensure the inverter can

be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from overcurrent of battery.

**Recommended breaker specification of battery for each inverter:**

Model	1 unit*
30KW	200A/1000VDC

\*If you want to use only one breaker at the battery side for the whole system, the rating of the breaker should be X times current of one unit. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

**Recommended breaker specification of AC input with three phase:**

Model	2 units	3 units	4 units
30KW	100A/230VAC	150A/230VAC	200A/230VAC

**Note1:** Also, you can use 50A breaker for 30KW for only 1 unit and install one breaker at its AC input in each inverter.

**Note2:** Regarding three-phase system, you can use 4-pole breaker directly and the rating of the breaker should be compatible with the phase current limitation from the phase with maximum units

**Recommended battery capacity**

Inverter parallel numbers	2	3	4
Battery Capacity	200AH x 2	200AH x 3	200AH x 4

**WARNING!** The battery of each inverter must be independent.

**PV Connection**

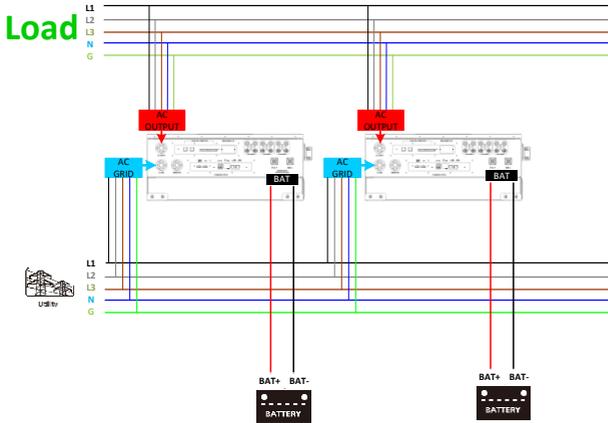
Please refer to user manual of single unit for PV Connection.

**CAUTION:** Each inverter should connect to PV modules separately.

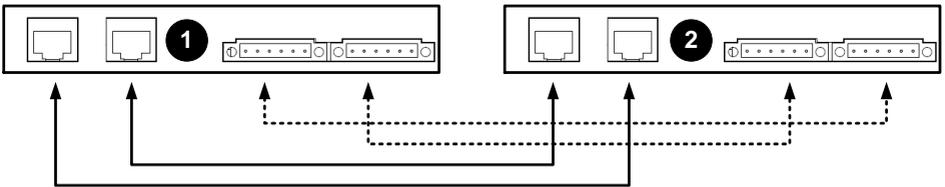
## Inverters Configuration

Two inverters in parallel:

### Power Connection

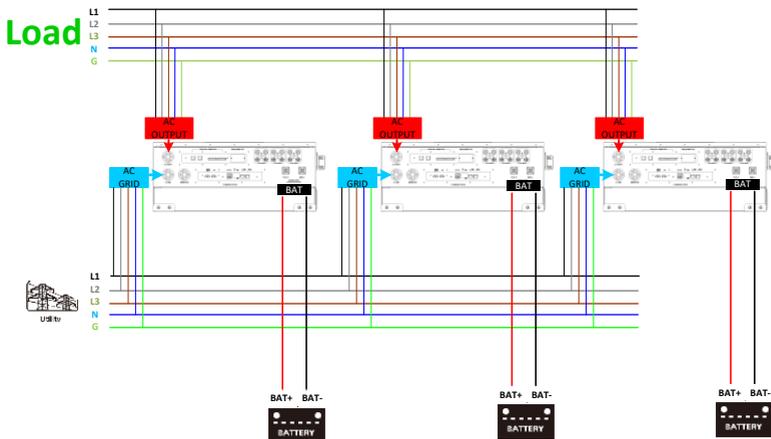


### Communication Connection

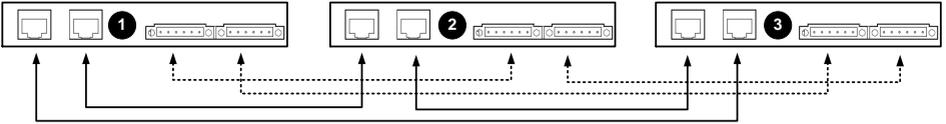


Three inverters in parallel:

### Power Connection

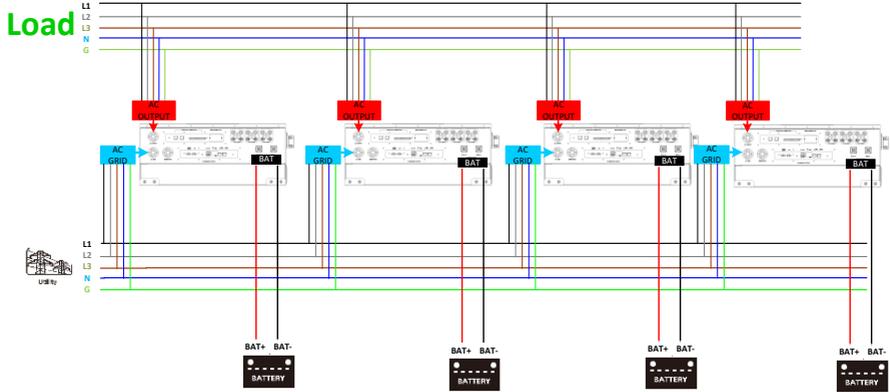


## Communication Connection

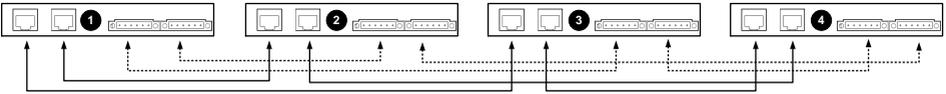


Four inverters in parallel:

## Power Connection



## Communication Connection



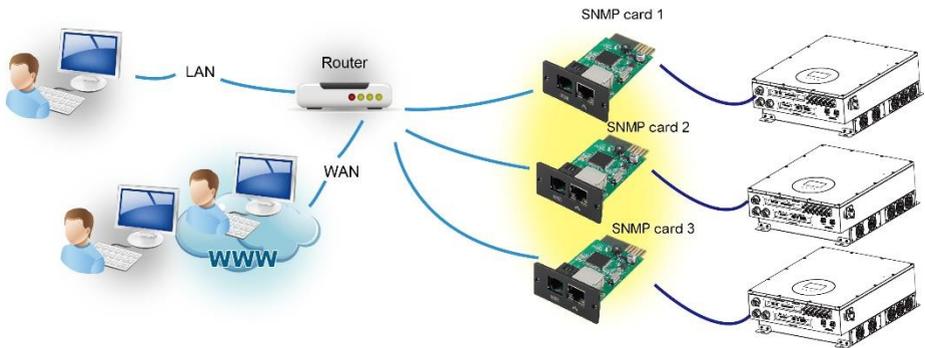
## Setting and LCD Display Setting Program:

The parallel function setting is only available by SolarPower. Please install SolarPower in your PC first.

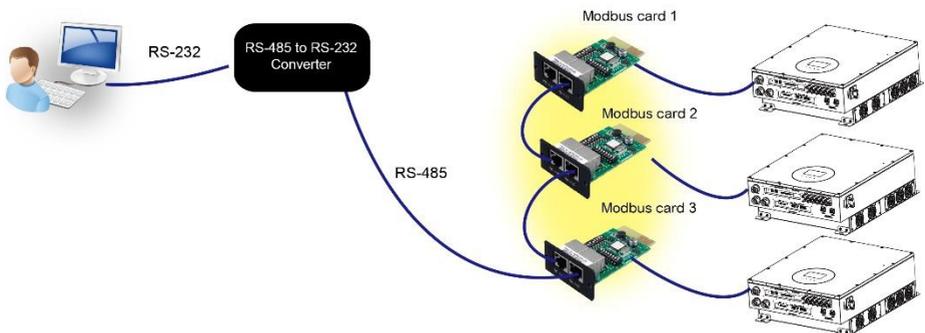
For setting, you can set the inverter one by one through RS232 or USB port.

But we suggest to use SNMP or Modbus card to combine the system as a centralized monitoring system. Then, you can use "SYNC" function to set all the inverters at the same time. If using SNMP or Modbus card to set up program, the bundled software is SolarPower Pro.

- Use SNMP card to synchronize the parameters:  
Each inverter should be installed one SNMP card. Make sure all of the SNMP cards are connected to the router as a LAN.



- Use Modbus card to synchronize the parameters:  
Each inverter should be installed one Modbus card. Make sure all of the Modbus cards are connected to each other and one of the Modbus cards is connected to the computer by RS-485/RS232 converter.



Launch SolarPowerPro in computer and select Device Control >> Parameter Setting >> Parallel output. Two options: Enable or Disable.

If you want to use parallel function, please choose "Enable" and press "  "

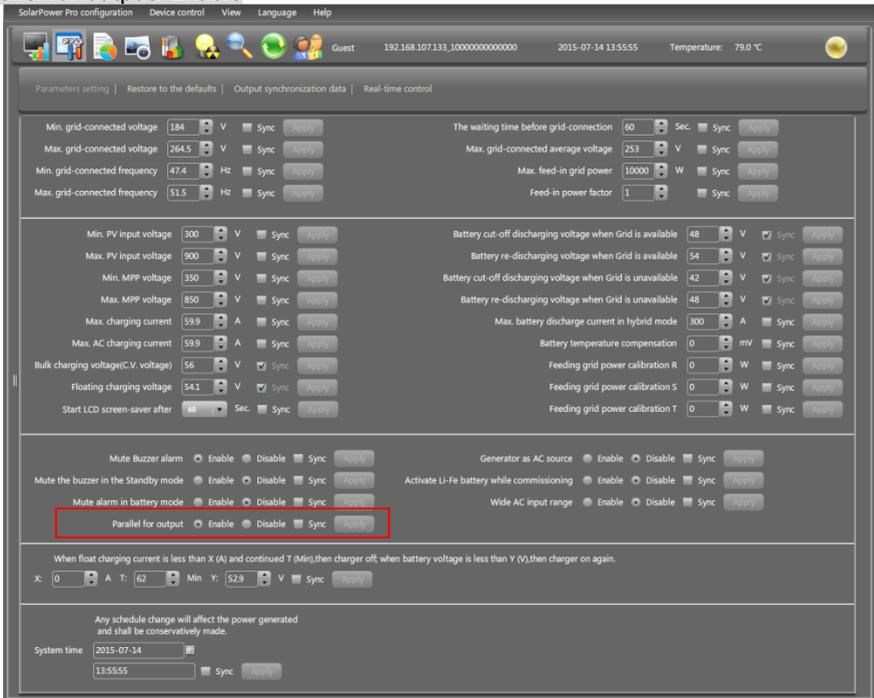
button. Then, "  " button will be shown is the screen. Please be sure to click

“” button before clicking “” button.

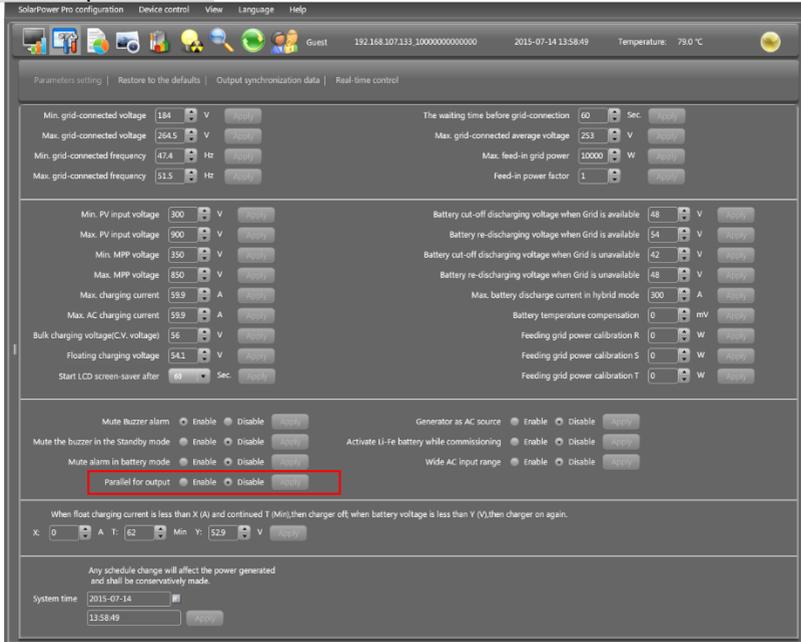
There is a “Sync” button in each parameter setting. When “Sync” is clicked and “Apply” is pressed, this new setting will be applied to all inverters. If not, this setting is only effected in current inverter you choose.

**Note:** Without centralized monitoring system, “Sync” function is not effective. Then, you have to set up the inverter one by one through serial communication port.

### Parallel for output: Enable



## Parallel for output: Disable



## Fault code display:

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
60	Power feedback protection	F60 FAULT
71	Firmware version inconsistent	F71 FAULT
72	Current sharing fault	F72 FAULT
80	CAN fault	F80 FAULT
81	Host loss	F81 FAULT
82	Synchronization loss	F82 FAULT

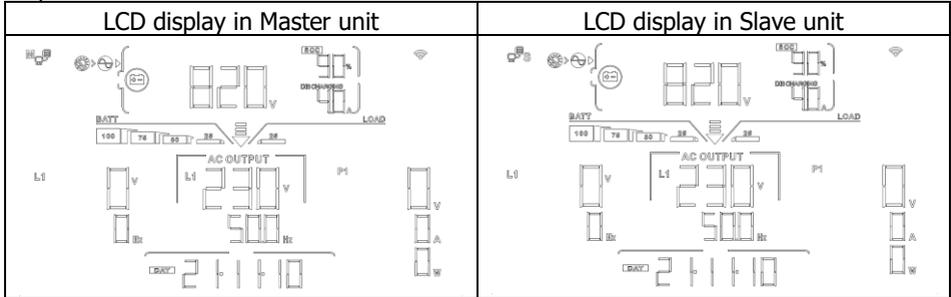
## Commissioning

Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Correct wire connection.
- Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wire of each unit is connected together.

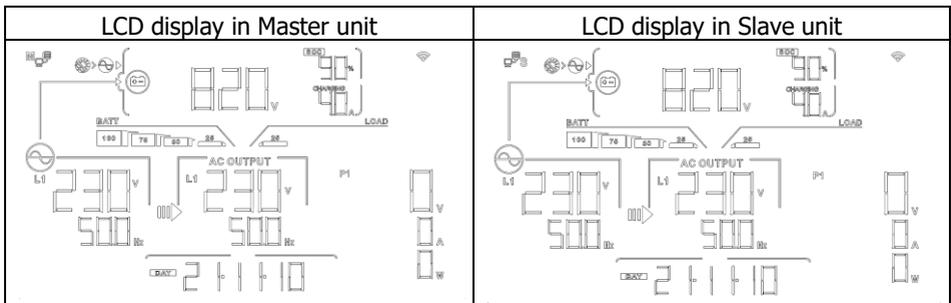
Step 2: Turn on each unit and set "enable parallel for output" on SolarPower or SolarPower Pro. And then, shut down all units.

Step 3: Turn on each unit.



**NOTE:** Master and slave units are randomly defined. Warning 02 is AC GRID voltage low.

Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. It's better to have all inverters connect to utility at the same time. If not, it will display fault 82 in following-order inverters. However, these inverters will automatically restart. If detecting AC connection, they will work normally.



Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the parallel system is completely installed.

Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

## Trouble shooting

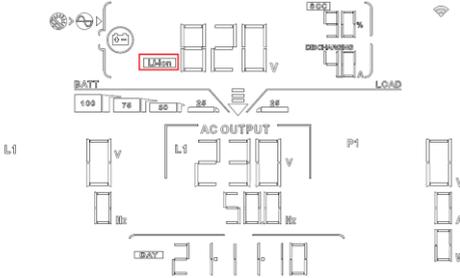
Situation		Solution
Fault Code	Fault Event Description	
37	Over current on Neutral wire	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Remove excessive loads.</li> <li>2. Restart the inverter.</li> <li>3. If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
60	Current feedback into the inverter is detected.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. Restart the inverter.</li> <li>5. Check if L1/L2/L3/N cables are not connected with wrong sequence in all inverters.</li> <li>6. Make sure the sharing cables are connected in all inverters.</li> <li>7. If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
61	Relay board driver loss,	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Disconnect all of power source.</li> <li>2. Only connect AC input and press Enter key to let it working in bypass mode.</li> <li>3. Check if the problem happens again or not and feed back the result to your installer.</li> </ol>
62	Relay board communication loss,	
71	The firmware version of each inverter is not the same.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Update all inverter firmware to the same version.</li> <li>2. After updating, if the problem still remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
72	The output current of each inverter is different.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check if sharing cables are connected well and restart the inverter.</li> <li>2. If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
80	CAN data loss	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check if communication cables are connected well and restart the inverter.</li> <li>2. If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
81	Host data loss	
82	Synchronization data loss	

## Appendix II: BMS

### 1. BMS port pin define:

	Definition
PIN 3	RS485B
PIN 5	RS485A
PIN 8	GND

### 2. After all wires are connected well and the communication between the inverter and battery is successful, it will show successful icon on the LCD screen.



### 3. Code Reference

Related information code will be displayed on LCD screen. Please check inverter LCD screen for the operation.

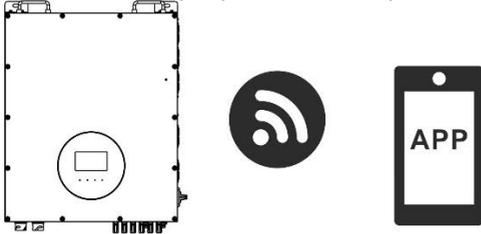
Code	Description
	Informs inverter to stop discharging battery.
	Informs inverter to stop charging battery
	Informs inverter to charge battery.

# Appendix III: Wi-Fi Operation Guide

## 1. Introduction

Wi-Fi module can enable wireless communication between off-grid inverters and monitoring platform. Users have complete and remote monitoring and controlling experience for inverters when combining Wi-Fi module with SolarPower APP, available for both iOS and Android based device. All data loggers and parameters are saved in iCloud. The major functions of this APP:

- Delivers device status during normal operation.
- Allows to configure device setting after installation.
- Notifies users when a warning or alarm occurs.
- Allows users to query inverter history data.



## 2. SolarPower App

### 2-1. Download and install APP

***Operating system requirement for your smart phone:***

 iOS system supports iOS 9.0 and above

 Android system supports Android 5.0 and above

Please scan the following QR code with your smart phone and download SolarPower App.



Android system



iOS system

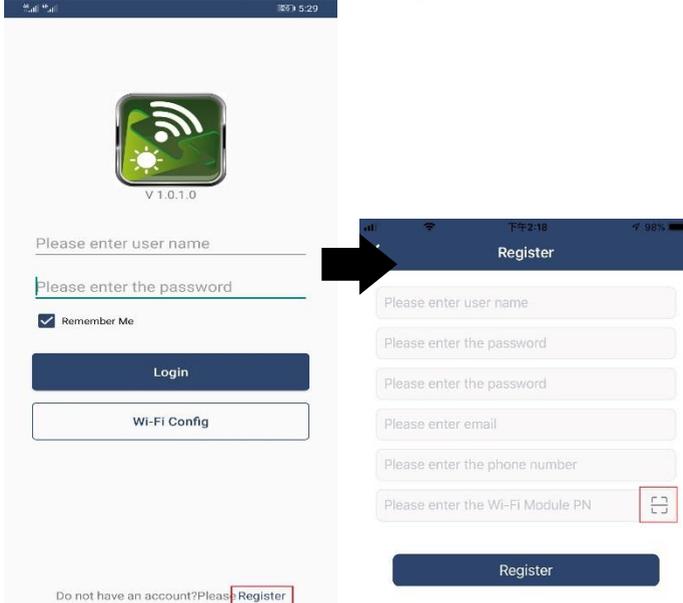
Or you may find "SolarPower" app from the Apple® Store or "SolarPower Wi-Fi" in Google® Play Store.



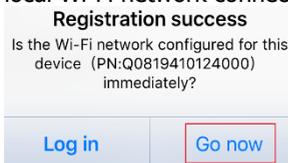
## 2-2. Initial Setup

### Step 1: Registration at first time

After the installation, please tap the shortcut icon  to access this APP on your mobile screen. In the screen, tap "Register" to access "User Registration" page. Fill in all required information and scan the remote box PN by tapping  icon. Or you can simply enter PN directly. Then, tap "Register" button.



Then, a "Registration success" window will pop up. Tap "Go now" to continue setting local Wi-Fi network connection.



### Step 2: Local Wi-Fi Module Configuration

Now, you are in "Wi-Fi Config" page. There are detailed setup procedure listed in "How to connect?" section and you may follow it to connect Wi-Fi.



1 Connect The Wi-Fi Module    2 Network Settings    3 Confirm The Wi-Fi Module Configuration    4 Successful

Please connect to the same Wi-Fi as the Wi-Fi Module PN for configuration.

**How to connect?**

1. Enter the iPhone system 'Settings-Wi-Fi';
2. Select the same Wi-Fi as the Wi-Fi Module PN to connect;
3. After the connection is successful, return to the APP for network configuration.

Confirm Connected Wi-Fi Module

**How to connect?**

1. Enter the iPhone system 'Settings-Wi-Fi';
2. Select the same Wi-Fi as the Wi-Fi Module PN to connect;
3. After the connection is successful, return to the APP for network configuration.

Confirm Connected Wi-Fi Module

Enter the "Settings→Wi-Fi" and select connected Wi-Fi name. The connected Wi-Fi name is the same to your Wi-Fi PN number and enter default password "12345678".



Enter the password for "Q0819310000181"

Cancel    **Enter Password**    Join

**Default password**

Password    **12345678**

You can also access this Wi-Fi network by bringing your iPhone near any iPhone, iPad or Mac that has connected to this network and has you in its contacts.

Then, return to SolarPower APP and tap " Confirm Connected Wi-Fi Module " button when Wi-Fi module is connected successfully.

**Step 3: Wi-Fi Network settings**

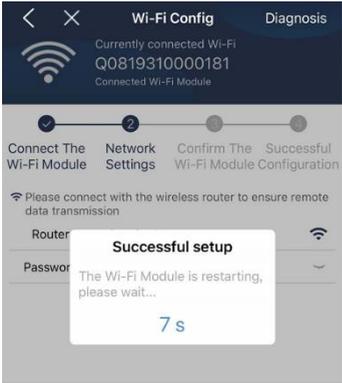
Tap icon to select your local Wi-Fi router name (to access the internet) and enter password.



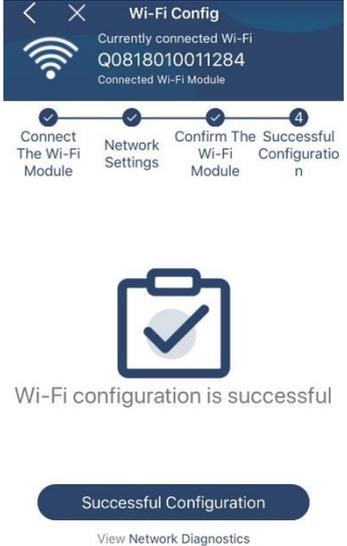
Setting



Setting



Step 4: Tap "Confirm" to complete the Wi-Fi configuration between the Wi-Fi module and the Internet.



If the connection fails, please repeat Step 2 and 3.



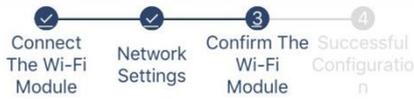
Connect The Wi-Fi Module   Network Settings   Confirm The Wi-Fi Module   Successful Configuration

Please confirm whether the currently connected Wi-Fi is the desired Wi-Fi Module (Wi-Fi is consistent with the Wi-Fi Module)

Your phone is not currently connected to the datalogger Wi-Fi, please connect and try again!



Confirm



Please confirm whether the currently connected Wi-Fi is the desired Wi-Fi Module (Wi-Fi is consistent with the Wi-Fi Module)

Your phone is not currently connected to the datalogger Wi-Fi, please connect and try again!

### Diagnose Function

If the module is not monitoring properly, please tap “**Diagnosis**” on the top right corner of the screen for further details. It will show repair suggestion. Please follow it to fix the problem. Then, repeat the steps in the chapter 4.2 to re-set network setting. After all setting, tap “**Rediagnosis**” to re-connect again.



Repair suggestion

Rediagnosis



Repair suggestion

Rediagnosis

#### The Inverter and the datalogger communicate abnormally.

- Please check if the Inverter and the datalogger are powered on normally.
- Please check if the Inverter address is between 1 and 5.
- Please check if the connection between the Inverter and the collector is abnormal, such as poor contact caused by oxidation or looseness of the interface, reverse connection of the 485 interface AB line, and data line damage.
- Try restarting the Inverter and datalogger to see if the anomaly is eliminated.

#### Datalogger and router communication abnormalities

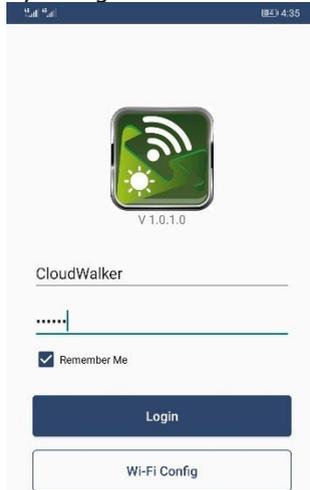
- Please confirm that the wireless routing network setting has been made.
- Make sure that the datalogger is set up to connect to AP hotspots sent by hardware devices such as wireless routers instead of virtual AP hotspots.

The diagnosis is successful!

### 2-3. Login and APP Main Function

After finishing the registration and local Wi-Fi configuration, enter registered name and password to login.

Note: Tick "Remember Me" for your login convenience afterwards.



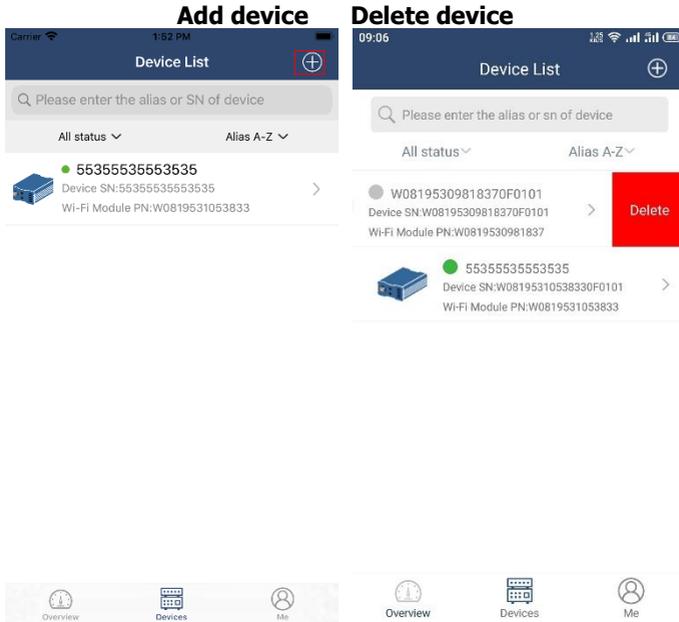
### Overview

After login is successfully, you can access "Overview" page to have overview of your monitoring devices, including overall operation situation and Energy information for Current power and Today power as below diagram.

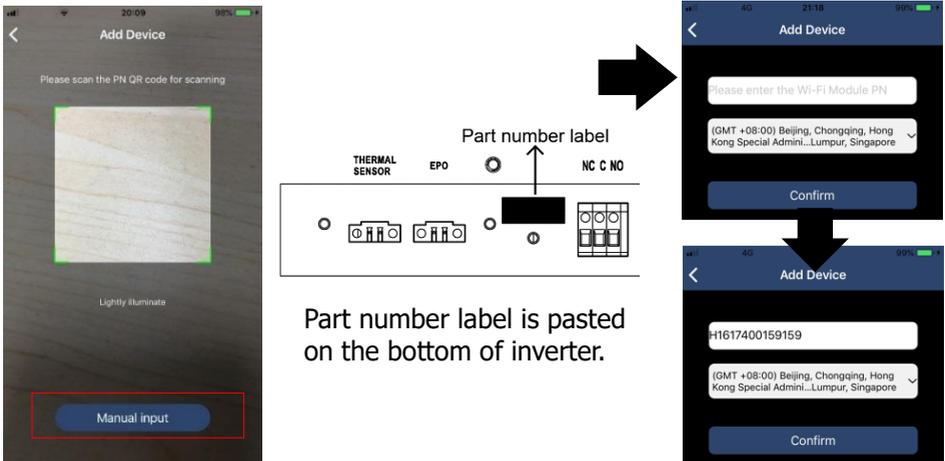


## Devices

Tap the  icon (located on the bottom) to enter Device List page. You can review all devices here by adding or deleting Wi-Fi Module in this page.



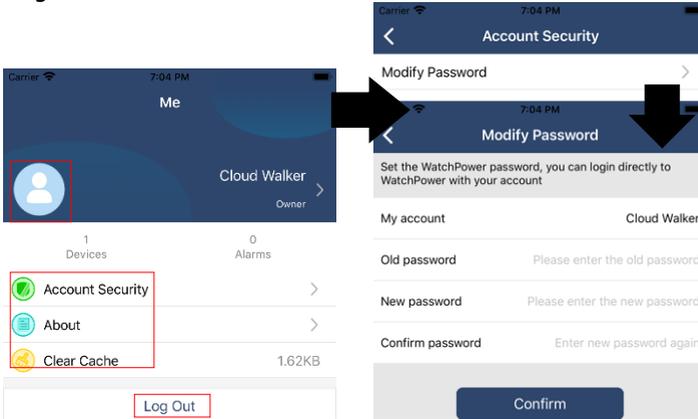
Tap  icon on the top right corner and manually enter part number to add device. This part number label is pasted on the bottom of inverter. After entering part number, tap "Confirm" to add this device in the Device list.



For more information about Device List, please refer to the section 2.4.

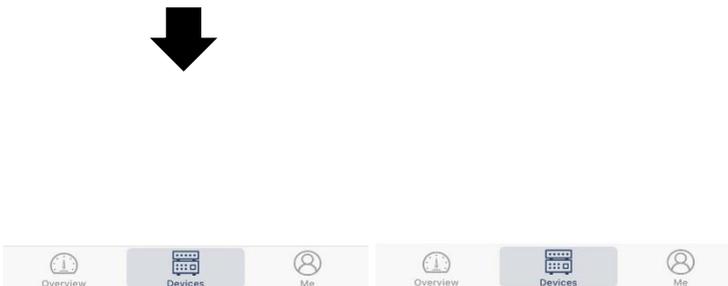
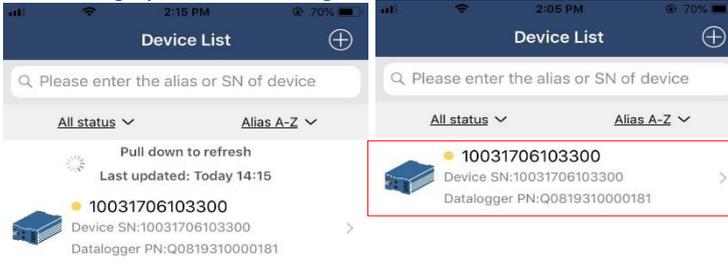
## ME

In ME page, users can modify “My information”, including 【User’s Photo】 , 【Account security】 , 【Modify password】 , 【Clear cache】 ,and 【Log-out】 , shown as below diagrams.



## 2-4. Device List

In Device List page, you can pull down to refresh the device information and then tap any device you want to check up for its real-time status and related information as well as to change parameter settings. Please refer to the parameter setting list.





Basic Information	product Info
Grid Voltage	0.0V
Grid Frequency	0.0Hz
PV Input Voltage	0.0V
Battery Voltage	26.2V
Battery Capacity	100%
Battery Charging Current	0A
Battery Discharge Current	0A
AC Output Voltage	229.5V
AC Output Frequency	60.0Hz

### Device Mode

On the top of screen, there is a dynamic power flow chart to show live operation. It contains five icons to present PV power, inverter, load, utility and battery. Based on your inverter model status, there will be **【Standby Mode】** , **【Line Mode】** , **【Battery Mode】** .

**【Standby Mode】** Inverter will not power the load until “ON” switch is pressed. Qualified utility or PV source can charge battery in standby mode.



**【Line Mode】** Inverter will power the load from the utility with or without PV charging. Qualified utility or PV source can charge battery.



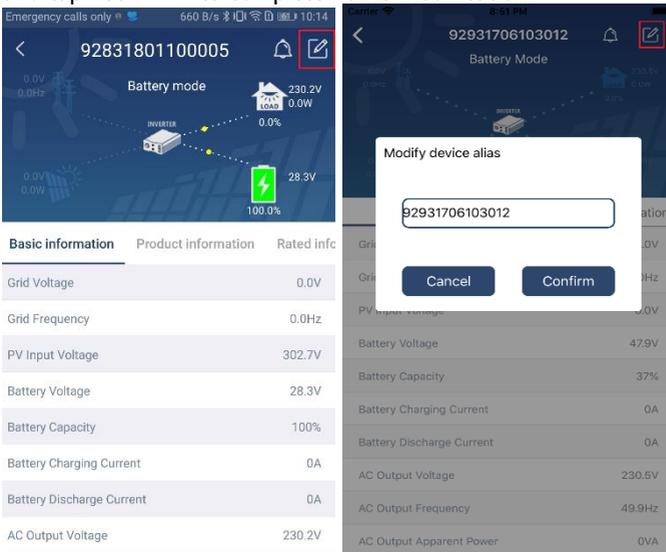
**【Battery Mode】** Inverter will power the load from the batter with or without PV charging. Only PV source can charge battery.



## Device Alarm and Name Modification

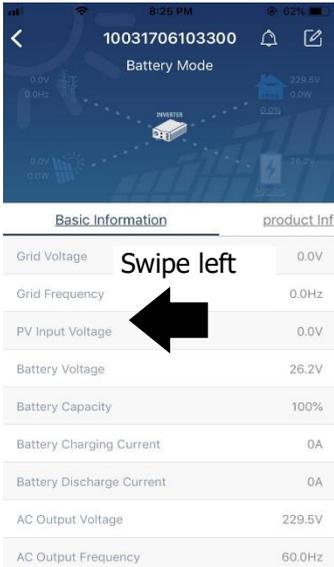
In this page, tap the  icon on the top right corner to enter the device alarm page.

Then, you can review alarm history and detailed information. Tap the  icon on the top right corner, a blank input box will pop out. Then, you can edit the name for your device and tap "Confirm" to complete name modification.



## Device Information Data

Users can check up **【Basic Information】**, **【Product Information】**, **【Rated information】**, **【History】**, and **【Wi-Fi Module Information】** by swiping left.



**【Basic Information】** displays basic information of the inverter, including AC voltage, AC frequency, PV input voltage, Battery voltage, Battery capacity, Charging current, Output voltage, Output frequency, Output apparent power, Output active power and Load percent. Please slide up to see more basic information.

**【Production Information】** displays Model type (Inverter type), Main CPU version, Bluetooth CPU version and secondary CPU version.

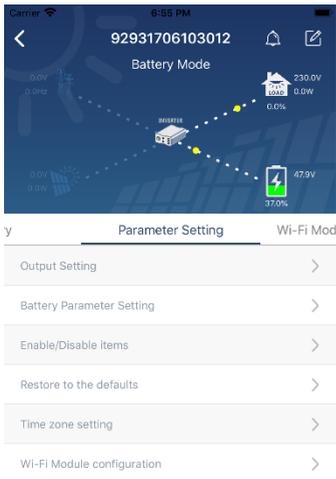
**【Rated Information】** displays information of Nominal AC voltage, Nominal AC current, Rated battery voltage, Nominal output voltage, Nominal output frequency, Nominal output current, Nominal output apparent power and Nominal output active power. Please slide up to see more rated information.

**【History】** displays the record of unit information and setting timely.

**【Wi-Fi Module Information】** displays of Wi-Fi Module PN, status and firmware version.

### Parameter Setting

This page is to activate some features and set up parameters for inverters. Please be noted that the listing in "Parameter Setting" page in below diagram may differ from the models of monitored inverter. Here will briefly highlight some of it, **【Output Setting】**, **【Battery Parameter Setting】**, **【Enable/ Disable items】**, **【Other Settings】**, **【Restore to the defaults】** to illustrate.



There are three ways to modify setting and they vary according to each parameter.

- a) Listing options to change values by tapping one of it.
- b) Activate/Shut down functions by clicking "Enable" or "Disable" button.
- c) Changing values by clicking arrows or entering the numbers directly in the column.

Each function setting is saved by clicking "Set" button.

Please refer to below parameter setting list for an overall description and be noted that the available parameters may vary depending on different models. Please always see the original product manual for detailed setting instructions.

**Parameter setting list:**

Item		Description
Output setting	Output source priority	To configure load power source priority.
	AC input range	Input voltage range selection
	Output voltage	To set output voltage.
	Output frequency	To set output frequency.
Battery parameter setting	Battery Type	Select connected battery type
	Battery Cut-off Voltage	Set battery cut-off voltage
	Bulk Charging Voltage	Set battery bulk charging voltage
	Battery Float Voltage	Set battery floating charging voltage
	Max Charging Current	To configure total charging current for solar and utility chargers.
	Max AC Charging Current	Set maximum utility charging current
	Charging Source Priority	To configure charger source priority
	Back To Grid Voltage	Set battery voltage to stop discharging when grid is available

	Back To Discharge Voltage	Set battery voltage to stop charging when grid is available
Enable/Disable Functions	Overload Auto Restart	If disabled, the unit won't be restarted after overload occurs.
	Overload Temperature Auto Restart	If disabled, the unit won't be restarted after over-temperature fault is solved.
	Overload Bypass	If enabled, the unit will enter bypass mode when overload occurs.
	Beeps While Primary Source Interrupt	If enabled, buzzer will alarm when primary source is abnormal.
	Buzzer	If disabled, buzzer won't be on when alarm/fault occurred.
	Backlight	If disabled, LCD backlight will be off when panel button is not operated for 1 minute.
	LCD Screen Return To Default Display	If selected, no matter how users switch display screen, it will automatically return to default display screen (Input voltage /output voltage) after no button is pressed for 1 minute.
	Fault Code Record	If enabled, fault code will be recorded in the inverter when any fault happens.
	Solar Feed To Grid	If selected, solar energy is allowed to feed to the grid.
Other Settings	Solar Supply Priority	Set solar power as priority to charge the battery or to power the load.
	Reset PV Energy Storage	If clicked, PV energy storage data will be reset.
	Start Time For Enable AC Charge Working	The setting range of start charging time for AC charger is from 00:00 to 23:00. The increment of each click is 1 hour.
	Ending Time For Enable AC Charge Working	The setting range of stop charging time for AC charger is from 00:00 to 23:00. The increment of each click is 1 hour.
	Scheduled Time For AC Output On	The setting range of scheduled time for AC output on is from 00:00 to 23:00. The increment of each click is 1 hour.
	Scheduled Time For AC Output Off	The setting range of scheduled time for AC output off is from 00:00 to 23:00. The increment of each click is 1 hour.
	Country Customized Regulations	Select inverter installed area to meet local regulation.
	Set Date Time	Set date time.
Restore to the default	This function is to restore all settings back to default settings.	